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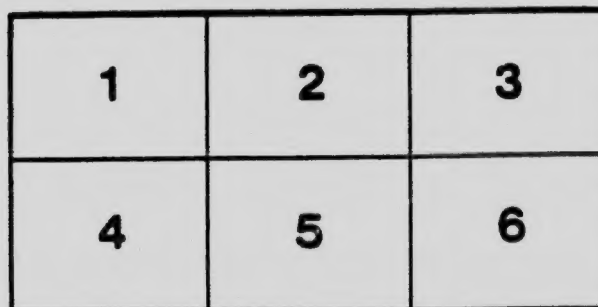
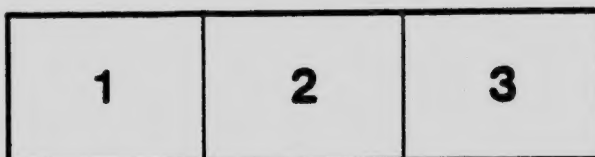
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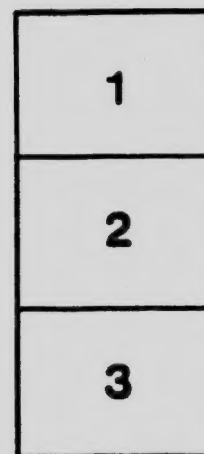
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PITMAN'S CUMULATIVE SPELLER

[COMMERCIAL STUDENTS EDITION]

By
CHARLES E. SMITH



THE COMMERCIAL TEXT BOOK COMPANY
TORONTO

PITMAN'S Cumulative Speller

Commercial Students' Edition

FOR BUSINESS SCHOOLS AND
COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENTS

By

CHARLES E. SMITH

Author of "A Practical Course in Touch Typewriting"

TORONTO, CANADA
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PREFACE.

THE generous reception accorded the Shorthand Students' Edition of the Cumulative Speller affords ample justification for issuing the Commercial Students' Edition.

As the title indicates, the plan of this Speller is cumulative. Each lesson consists of sixteen words, the first twelve of which are re-spelled phonetically and defined. The syllabication, pronunciation, and definition of the remaining four words should be assigned to the student, either as homework or seat-work. A homework dictionary, containing all of these special words, is included in the Speller at the end of the first hundred regular lessons. This feature of the work is intended to afford the student a ready means of acquiring the dictionary habit—a habit so essential to all who take pride in turning out accurate work. Nearly all of the words assigned for homework are later on repeated in the regular lessons, so that the lessons review themselves and reduce to a minimum the necessity of having special review lessons.

For the information of those who have no clear conception of what is meant by the Spelling Reform Movement, the circular issued by the Simplified Spelling Board on 21st March, 1906 is included at the end of the regular lessons. Those who wish further information, may obtain it by writing to The Simplified Spelling Board, 1 Madison Avenue, New York City.

The Standard Dictionary has been the chief authority consulted in the preparation of this work.

CUMULATIVE SPELLER.

Commercial Students' Edition.

LESSON 1.

1	busi'ness	biz'nes	An occupation; trade; profession.
2	tel'e-phone	tel'e-fōn	An instrument for reproducing sound at a distant point.
3	oc-cur'ence	ok-kur'ens	An event; a happening.
4	com-mis'sion	kōm-mish'un	To give a commission to; to appoint; a document conferring rank or authority.
5	per-suade'	per-swād'	To influence by entreaty or reasoning; to win over.
6	sep'a-rate	sep'a-rāt	To disconnect; to keep apart.
7	ex-hil'a-rate	ex-il'a-rāt	To enliven; to cheer; to stimulate.
8	pre-code'	pre-sēd'	To go, happen, or exist before.
9	suc-ceed'	suk-sēd'	To follow; to come next in order; to meet with success.
10	su'per-sede'	siū'per-sēd'	To take the place of; to replace.
11	re-celpt'	re-sēt'	The act of receiving; a written acknowledgment of anything received.
12	rec'i-pe	res'i-pe	A formula; a medical prescription.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 **proficient** 14 **invelgle** 15 **alignment** 16 **nuisance**

LESSON 2.

1	def'i-cit	def'i-sit	A deficiency, or falling short in amount; shortage.
2	ar-rears'	ar-rērz'	Something due and unpaid.
3	cal'en-dar	kal'en-dar	A systematic arrangement of days, months, and years; a list of events.
4	quin'ine	kwin'ain	A bitter alkaloid contained in cinchona-bark; used for malarial affections.
5	de-lir'i-ous	de-lir'i-us	Wandering in mind.
6	fac-sim'i-le	fak-sim'i-li	An exact copy or reproduction.

mā, āle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it not, up, full;
arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

7	coun'ter-feit	koun'ter-fit	To make fraudulently; any imitation.
8	Fah'ren-helt	fä'ren-hait	Designating that thermometer-scale in which the freezing-point of water is 32° and the boiling-point 212°.
9	max'i-mum	max'i-mum	The greatest possible quantity, amount, or degree.
10	min'i-mum	min'i-mum	The least possible quantity, amount, or degree.
11	coup	kū	A sudden telling blow; a master-stroke.
12	cou'pé'	kū'pā'	A low close carriage.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 **reprive** 14 **forfeit** 15 **accommodate** 16 **ecstasy**

LESSON 3.

1	re-plev'in	re-plev'in	An action to regain possession of personal property.
2	gran'deur	gran'diūr	The quality of being grand; sublimity.
3	as-phyx'i-ate	as-fix'i-āt	To suffocate.
4	re-sus'ci-tate	re-sus'i-tāt	To bring or come back to life; to revive.
5	syn'di-cate	sin'di-kāt	An association of individuals for the prosecution of some enterprise.
6	scin-til'la	sin-til'a	A spark; hence, a trace; least particle.
7	per-mit'	per-mit'	To give consent to; to allow.
8	per'mit	per'mit	A written permission.
9	re-cip'i-ent	re-sip'i-ent	One who receives.
10	sat'is-fied	sat'is-faid	Gratified to the full; contented.
11	sta'tion-a-ry	stā'shun-e-ri	Remaining in one place; fixed.
12	sta'tion-er'y	stā'shun-er'i	Writing-materials.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 **wearied** 14 **heinous** 15 **pneumatic** 16 **hypocrisy**

LESSON 4.

1	col'umn	kol'um	A pillar; a vertical series of lines, figures, etc.
2	fea'si-ble	fē'zi-bl	That may be done; practicable.
3	sal'a-ry	sal'a-ri	Stated allowance for services.

mā, āle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

4	ap'pa-ra'tus	ap'a-rā'tus	A machine, or a set of tools, etc.
5	bur'glar	bur'glār	One who breaks into a house to rob.
6	in'ter-cede'	in'ter-sēd'	To mediate between persons; to plead.
7	con-verse'	kon-vers'	To talk familiarly; to chat.
8	con'verse	kon'vers	a. Transposed; reversed. n. Conversation.
9	symp'tom	simp'tom	A phenomenon of disease; a sign, or indication.
10	sym'met-ry	sim'et-ri	Due correspondence of parts or elements.
11	sem'i-na-ry	sem'i-ne-ri	An educational institution; academy.
12	cem'e-ter-y	sem'e-ter-i	A place for the burial of the dead.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 **optimism** 14 **pessimism** 15 **acquiesce** 16 **erroneous**

LESSON 5.

1	in-trin'sic	in-trin'sik	Pertaining to the inherent nature of a thing or person; real.
2	cap'tain	kap'ten	The commander of a vessel, or of a company of soldiers.
3	val'lant	val'yant	Strong and brave.
4	priv'i-lege	priv'i-lej	A right or advantage enjoyed by certain persons.
5	wri'ting	rai'ting	Marking on a surface in letters; anything written in letters.
6	col-lat'er-al	kol-lat'er-al	Attendant; accompanying. <i>Col-lateral security</i> , property, money, etc. given as security additional to one's personal obligation.
7	pla-card'	pla-kārd'	To announce by placards.
8	plac'ard	plak'ard	A paper publicly displayed, as a proclamation or poster.
9	guest	gest	A visitor; boarder.
10	guessed	gest	Conjectured; surmised.
11	ex-cel'	ek-sel'	To be superior to; to surpass.
12	ex'cel-lent	ek'sel-ent	Having good qualities in a high degree.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 **complement** 14 **compliment** 15 **reminiscence** 16 **impervious**

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

LESSON 6.

1	mu'ci-lage	miũ'si-lāj	An adhesive solution of gum in water.
2	ap-praise'	ap'prāz'	To put a value on officially; to value.
3	ul'ti-mo	ul'ti-mō	In the last month: abbreviated <i>ult.</i>
4	prox'i-mo	prox'i-mō	In or of the coming month: abbreviated <i>prox.</i>
5	sched'ule	sked'yul	A written or printed statement.
6	non'pa-rell'	non'pa-rel'	Of unequalled excellence.
7	in-val'id	in-val'id	Having no force or weight; null.
8	in'va-lid	in'va-lid	A sickly or disabled person.
9	be-siege'	be-sej'	To lay siege to; to beset or harass.
10	sei'zure	sē'ziūr (se'zhur)	The act of seizing; a sudden or violent attack; fit; spell.
11	sa'la-ble (sale'a-ble)	sā'la-bl	That may be sold; marketable.
12	leg'i-ble	lej'i-bl	That may be read easily.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 **emigrate** 14 **immigrate** 15 **abstinence** 16 **dependent**

LESSON 7.

1	knack	nak	The ability to do a thing readily and well; cleverness.
2	aux-il'i-a-ry	ax-il'i-a-ri	That which aids.
3	neu'tral	niũ'tral	Taking neither side.
4	a-pol'o-gize (a-pol'o-gise)	a-pol'o-jaiz	To offer an apology or excuse.
5	ca-tarrh'	ka-tār'	Inflammation of a mucous membrane, as a cold in the head or lungs.
6	ex'pla-na'tion	ex'pla-nā'shun	Act of making plain or clear.
7	at-trib'ute	at-trib'yut	To ascribe (something) as due and belonging; to assign.
8	at'tri-bute	at'ri-biūt	That which is attributed; a characteristic.
9	sten-og'ra-phy	sten-og'ra-fi	The art of writing by the use of contractions or symbols; shorthand.

mā, āle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- 10 **pho-nog'ra-phy** fo-nog'ra-fi The art of writing by sound ; shorthand.
 11 **bla'ma-ble** blá'ma-bl Culpable ; deserving censure.
 12 **cor-rupt'i-ble** kor-rupt'i-bl That may be corrupted ; subject to decay.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **epithet** 14 **epitaph** 15 **chauffeur** 16 **aqueous**

LESSON 8.

- 1 **chat'tel** chat'el An article of personal property ; a movable.
 2 **eff'er-vesce'** ef'er-ves' To bubble, as in boiling ; to gush.
 3 **crit'i-cize** krit'i-saiz To examine critically ; to judge severely ; to censure.
 4 **re'al-ize** ré'al-aiz To perceive as a reality to feel or appreciate fully.
 5 **fis'cal** fis'kal Pertaining to the revenue of a government ; financial.
 6 **phys'ic-al** fiz'ik-al Relating to the body.
 7 **es-cort'** es-kort' To accompany and guard ; to conduct ; to convoy.
 8 **es'cort** es'kort A guard accompanying a person or property in transit ; an attendant.
 9 **mis'chie-vous** mis'chi-vus Inclined to mischief ; injurious.
 10 **suf-fi'cient** suf-fish'ent All that is needful ; enough.
 11 **proph'e-cy** prof'e-si An inspired prediction ; any prediction.
 12 **proph'e-sy** prof'e-sai To foretell ; to predict.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **counsell** 14 **counsel** 15 **prodigy** 16 **charlatan**

LESSON 9.

- 1 **per-cep'ti-ble** per-sep'ti-bl That may be seen or apprehended.
 2 **ir-rep'a-ra-ble** ir-rep'a-ra-bl That can not be repaired, or rectified.
 3 **oc'ca-sion** ok-ká'zhun An occurrence ; opportunity for some action. *v.* To cause.
 4 **an'thra-cite** an'thra-sait Mineral coal of nearly pure carbon ; hard coal.

arm ; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out ; bath, bathe, exact.

5	bi-tu'mi-nous	bi-tiū'mi-nus	Containing mineral pitch, as soft coal.
6	par'a-pher-na'li-a	par'a-fer-nā'li-a	Miscellaneous articles of equipment; trappings.
7	trans-port'	trans-pōrt'	To carry from one place to another; to banish; to fill with delight, or ecstasy.
8	trans'port	trans'pōrt	A vessel for conveying troops, etc.; delight; ecstasy.
9	prec'e-dent	pres'e-dent	An example in the past that may be given as an authority; previous usage.
10	pres'i-dent	prez'i-dent	A governing officer; chief magistrate of a republic.
11	there'fore	thār'fōr	For that reason; on that ground or account; consequently.
12	there-for'	thār-for'	For that; for this; for it.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 deprecate 14 depreciate 15 itinerant 16 accessory

LESSON 10.

1	af'fi-da'vit	af'i-dā'vit	A voluntary sworn declaration in writing.
2	ma-jor'i-ty	ma-jor'i-ti	The greater part; excess; legal age.
3	mi-nor'i-ty	mi-nor'i-ti	The smaller number; the state of being under legal age.
4	naph'tha	naft'ha	A volatile, inflammable oil.
5	gra'tis	grā'tis	Without recompense; freely.
6	sum'ma-ry	sum'a-ri	An abridged account. a. Concise; instant.
7	fre-quent'	fre-kwent'	To visit often.
8	fre'quent	frē'kwent	Occurring or appearing often.
9	ceil'ing	sēl'ing	The overhead covering of a room.
10	seal'ing	sēl'ing	Fastening with a seal; closing tightly.
11	ad-her'ence	ad-hēr'ens	The act or state of adhering; attachment.
12	ad-her'ents	ad-hēr'ents	Followers; those who are devoted or attached.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 variegated 14 ingredient 15 aggrandize 16 competitor

mā, āle, mē, āll, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

LESSON 11.

1	a-man'u-en'sis	a-man'yū-en'sis	One who copies manuscript or takes dictation.
2	i-den'ti-fy	ai-den'ti-fai	To assert or prove to be the same.
3	mis-spell'	mis-spel'	To spell wrongly.
4	li'cense	lai'sens	To authorize; to permit.
5	vi'cious	vish'us	Addicted to vice; depraved; unruly.
6	prev'a-lence	prev'a-lens	The act, state, or quality of being prevalent, or widely extended.
7	in-cense'	in-sens'	To inflame or incite to anger.
8	in'cense	in'sens	An aromatic substance that exhales perfume in burning.
9	tran'sient	tran'si-ent (tran'shent)	Lasting but a short time; brief.
10	for'eign	for'en	Of or from another country; alien.
11	as-sist'ance	as-ris'tans	Help; aid; support.
12	as-sist'ants	as-sist'ants	Those who assist, or help; helpers.

Consult homework dictionary.

13	precede	14	proceeds	15	analyze	16	isolate
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LESSON 12.

1	ex-treme'	ex-trēm'	The utmost degree or limit.
2	sing'ing	sing'ing	The uttering of sweet or melodious sounds.
3	singe'ing	sinj'ing	Burning slightly.
4	a-lign'ment	a-lain'ment	Placing in a line.
5	vil'lain	vil'en	A vile, wicked person.
6	ruffi-an	ruf'i-an	A lawless, brutal person; a marauder.
7	re-bel'	re-bel'	To resist authority by force.
8	reb'el	reb'el	One who resists authority.
9	cur'rant	kur'ant	A small berry; a seedless raisin.
10	cur'rent	kur'ent	Running; passing from one to another; authentic.
11	pro-fi'cient	pro-fish'ent	Skilled; expert; well-advanced.
12	re-prieve'	re-prév'	Temporarily to suspend a sentence.

Consult homework dictionary.

13	deflect	14	pneumonia	15	neuralgia	16	adjourn
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arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

LESSON 13.

1	cat'e-go'ry	kat'e-gor'i	Any comprehensive class or description of things.
2	hy'brid	hai'brid	Mixed, produced from incongruous or different sources; a mongrel.
3	ac-cu'mu-late	ak-kiū'miū-lāt	To bring together; to amass.
4	nul'sance	niū'sans	An annoyance; vexation.
5	fa-ce'tious	fa-sē'shus	Humorous; jocular; witty.
6	jeop'ard-y	jep'ard-i	Peril; exposure to death or injury.
7	re-fuse'	re-fiūz'	To decline; to reject; to deny.
8	refuse	ref'iūs	Rubbish; anything discarded or worthless.
9	at-tend'ants	at-tend'ants	Those who accompany or wait upon; servants.
10	at-tend'ance	at-tend'ans	The act of attending.
11	in-vel'gle	in-vē'gl	To lead astray; to entice.
12	for'feit	for'fit	A penalty for a fault; to lose.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 resuscitate 14 miniature 15 receptacle 16 competent

LESSON 14.

1	spon-ta'ne-ous	spon-tā'ne-us	Produced without apparent cause; arising from inherent qualities.
2	du'bi-ous	diū'bi-us	Doubtful; ambiguous.
3	ve'hi-cle	vē'hi-kl	A carriage; a medium by which something is transmitted or applied.
4	ac-com'mo-date	ak-kom'o-dāt	To help; to provide for; to conform.
5	par'ti-cle	pār'ti-kl	A very small part; an uninflected part of speech.
6	guar'an-tee'	gar'an-tē'	To promise to perform under penalty for non-fulfilment.
7	au'ger	ā'ger	A boring tool.
8	au'gur	ā'gur	To foretell from omens; a prophet.
9	oc-cur'	ok-kur'	To happen.
10	oc-curred'	ok-kurd'	Happened.

mā, āle, mē, āll, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- 11 **wear'led** wēr'id Tired; fatigued.
 12 **ac'qui-esce'** ak'wi-es' To remain satisfied with.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **intercede** 14 **purveyor** 15 **malleable** 16 **campaign**

LESSON 15.

- 1 **cri-te'ri-on** krai-tē'ri-on A standard for comparison.
 2 **du'ly** diū'li Fitly; becomingly; regularly.
 3 **lan'guor** lang'gwor A feeling of dulness; listlessness.
 4 **ec'sta-sy** ek'sta-si Rapture; joyous excitement.
 5 **fau'cet** fa'set An external valve controlling the supply of liquid.
 6 **del'e-te'ri-ous** del'e-tē'ri-us Hurtful; injurious.
 7 **min'ute** min'it The sixtieth part of an hour.
 8 **mi-nute'** mi-niūt' Exceedingly small.
 9 **sal'a-ry** sal'a-ri Stated allowance for services.
 10 **cel'er-y** sel'er-i A biennial herb.
 11 **hel'nous** hā'nus Very wicked; atrocious.
 12 **va'ri-e-gat'ed** va'ri-e-gāt'ed Diversified; marked with different colors.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **intrinsic** 14 **ostensible** 15 **acclamation** 16 **vitreous**

LESSON 16.

- 1 **so'lar** sō'lar Pertaining to the sun.
 2 **cui-sine'** kwe-zēn' The cooking department; the kitchen. (Fr.)
 3 **ex-ag-ger-ate** ei-aj'er-āt To represent as greater than strict truth will warrant.
 4 **pneu-mat'ic** niū-mat'ik Containing air.
 5 **ab'sti-nence** ab'sti-nens Self-denial; especially from strong drink.
 6 **ep'i-thet** ep'i-tket A descriptive word or phrase.
 7 **ac-cept'** ak-sept' To take when offered.
 8 **ex-cept'** ek-sept' To omit; to leave out; to object to.
 9 **far'ther** far'ther More distant.
 10 **fur'ther** fur'ther To help forward; in advance of.

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

10

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

11 lei'sure

le'zhur
(lē'zhur)

Freedom from employment.

12 con-ceil'

kon-sēt'

Self-flattery; a quaint fancy.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 nonpareil 14 precocious 15 indispensable 16 sagacious

LESSON 17.

1	trol'ley	trol'i	A grooved wheel used in electric traction.
2	de-pend'ent	de-pend'ent	Hanging down; subordinate; one who depends on another.
3	un-til'	un-til'	To the time when.
4	hyp-oc'ri-sy	hip-ok'ri-si	Insincerity; pretense of virtue.
5	op'ti-mism	op'ti-mizm	Hopefulness; belief in the best.
6	ran'dom	ran'dum	Done or uttered by chance.
7	through	thrū	From beginning to end.
8	thor'ough	thur'ō	Complete; perfect.
9	a-chieve'	a-chēv'	To perform with skill or valor.
10	de-ceive'	de-sēv'	To mislead, as by false statement.
11	in-cite'	in-sait'	To urge onward.
12	in'sight	in'sait	Clear vision or perception into the true nature or character of a thing.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 auxiliary 14 vigilance 15 irrelevant 16 reticence

LESSON 18.

1	met-al'lic	met-al'ik	Having the characteristics of a metal.
2	chauff'eur'	shōf'fur'	The operator of an automobile.
3	gage (gauge)	gāj	To measure; to estimate.
4	em'i-grate	em'i-grāt	To leave a country to go to another.
5	pes'si-mism	pes'i-mizm	Despair; belief in the worst.
6	cra'ni-um	krā'ni-um	The bony case that encloses the brain; the skull.
7	af-fect'	af-fekt'	To influence; to assume; to imitate.
8	ef-fect'	ef-fekt'	A consequence; to cause.

mä, äle, mē, all, nō, rüle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

9	ex-ceed'	ek-séd'	To go beyond; to surpass.
10	se-cede'	se-séd'	To withdraw; to separate.
11	chieftain	chíef'ten	The head of a Scots clan, or other body of men.
12	traí'tor	trá'tor	A deceiver; one who betrays a trust.

Consult homework dictionary.

13	chattel	14	appertain	15	bargain	16	maintenance
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LESSON 19.

1	a-pol'o-gy	a-pol'o-ji	An excuse; an acknowledgment of error.
2	im'mi-grate	im'i-grát	To come into a country.
3	plau'si-ble	plá'zi-bl	Apparently true; specious.
4	er-ro'ne-ous	er-ró'ne-us	Mistaken; marked by error.
5	com'ple-ment	kom'ple-ment	The full allowance or number.
6	ab-struse'	ab-strús'	Hard to understand.
7	pre-sent'	pre-zent'	To introduce; to give.
8	pres'ent	prez'ent	Present time; a gift.
9	an'ec-dote	an'ek-dôt	A short story; account of a personal incident.
10	an'ti-dote	an'ti-dôt	A counteracting element, especially against poison.
11	ac'tu-al	ak'tiŭ-al	Existing in fact; real; present.
12	ac'tu-al-ly	ak'tiŭ-al-i	In fact; in reality.

Consult homework dictionary.

13	paraphernalia	14	auditor	15	superstitious	16	civilize
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LESSON 20.

1	sim'i-lar	sim'i-lar	Resembling, but not completely identical.
2	pan'o-ra'ma	pan'o-rá'ma	A complete view in every direction.
3	coun'cil	koun'sil	A consultative assembly.
4	rem'i-nis'cence	rem'i-nis'ens	A memory.
5	ep'i-taph	ep'i-taf	An inscription on a tomb; any similar expression of sentiment.
6	sus'te-nance	sus'te-nans	Food; that which supports life.
7	con-tract'	kon-trakt'	To draw together; to shorten; to acquire.

arm; fiŭ (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

12

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

8	con'tract	kon'trakt	A formal agreement to do or not to do for a stipulated consideration.
9	birth	berth	The fact of being born; nativity; origin.
10	berth	berth	A sleeping place in a ship; any place affording ease.
11	blur	blur	An indistinct marking.
12	blurred	blurd	Indistinctly marked.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 affidavit 14 susceptible 15 admissible 16 coincidence

LESSON 21.

1	mer'can-tile	mer'kan-til	Commercial; pertaining to merchants.
2	strych'nin (strych'nine)	strik'nin	A white crystalline poison.
3	a'que-ous	ä'kwe-us	Watery.
4	com'pli-ment	kom'pli-ment	To express admiration.
5	prod'i-gy	prod'i-ji	A thing exciting wonder; a monstrosity.
6	par'ox-ysm	par'ox-izm	A periodic attack of disease; a convulsion.
7	di-gest'	di-jest'	To assimilate, physically or mentally.
8	di'gest	dai'jest	A systematic arrangement of writings.
9	spe'cie	spē'shi	Metallic coinage.
10	spe'cious	spē'shus	Apparently right; plausible.
11	re-mit'	re-mit'	To send in return, as money in payment for goods; also, to transmit.
12	re-mit'tance	re-mit'ans	Something sent in return.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 amanuensis 14 reversible 15 essence 16 minutiae

LESSON 22.

1	bound'a-ry	bound'a-ri	A limit; an object indicating a limit.
2	a-gree'ment	a-grē'ment	Mutual assent; coming into accord; a contract.
3	coun'sel	koun'sel	To advise.

mä, äle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

4	im-per'vi-ous	im-per'vi-us	Permitting no passage.
5	dep're-cate	dep're-kát	To express disapproval.
6	mon'o-gram	mon'o-gram	Two or more letters written as one.
7	sur-vey'	sur-vá'	To determine a boundary.
8	sur-vey'or	sur-vá'or	One who surveys or overlooks.
9	en-rol' (en-roll')	en-ról'	To place on record, to register.
10	en-rol'ment (en-roll'ment)	en-ról'ment	The act of placing on a roll, or registering.
11	or'di-nance	or'di-nans	An authoritative regulation.
12	ord'nance	ord'nans	Heavy guns; artillery.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 **singsing** 14 **responsible** 15 **exchequer** 16 **chancellor**

LESSON 23.

1	gram'mar	gram'ar	The science of language and the art of speaking.
2	ser'geant	sár'jent	A non-commissioned officer.
3	in-gre'di-ent	in-gré'di-ent	An element in a mixture or compound.
4	char'la-tan	shár'la-tan	A quack; one making extravagant pretensions.
5	pro'ceeds	pró'sédz	Results; returns.
6	an'te-ce'dent	an'te-sé'dent	Going before; prior.
7	trans-fer'	trans-fer'	To make over to another.
8	trans'fer	trans'fer	The act of transferring; a street car ticket.
9	hu'man	hiü'man	Belonging to man.
10	hu-man'ry	hiü-mán'	Having the feelings of mankind; tender; refined.
11	for'mer-ly	for'mer-li	In time past; heretofore.
12	form'al-ly	form'al-i	In a formal manner.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 **facetious** 14 **competence** 15 **amenable** 16 **antique**

LESSON 24.

1	vil'lage	vil'áj	A collection of houses smaller than a town.
2	cod'i-oil	kod'i-sil	A supplement to a will or test."

árm; fiü (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, th. exact.

14

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

3	ag'gran-dize	ag'ran-daiz	To make great; to exalt.
4	de-pré'oi-ate	de-pré'shi-ât	To underrate; to lessen the worth of.
5	i'so-late (is'o-late)	ai'so-lât (is'o-lât)	To place in a detached position.
6	chas-tise' (chas-tize')	chas-taiz'	To correct with the rod.
7	ob-ject'	ob-jekt'	To oppose.
8	ob'ject	ob'jekt	Anything set before the mind or senses; ultimate purpose.
9	a'lien	â'lien	An unnaturalized foreign resident.
10	a'lien-ist	â'lien-ist	One who studies insanity.
11	af-firm'a-tive	af-ferm'a-tiv	Asserting a fact; assenting.
12	neg'a-tive	neg'a-tiv	Denying a fact; vetoing.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 spontaneous 14 irresistible 15 valuable 16 tabular

LESSON 25.

1	mu-nic'i-pal	miu-nis'i-pal	Belonging to a town or city.
2	an-ni'hi-la'tion	an-nai'hi-lâ'shun	Utter destruction.
3	com-pet'i-tor	kom-pet'i-tor	One who competes.
4	i-tin'er-ant	ai-tin'er-ant	Going from place to place.
5	an'a-lyze (an'a-lyse)	an'a-laiz	To examine minutely.
6	kin'der-gar'ten	kin'der-gâr'tn	A play-school for young children.
7	pro-test'	pro-test'	To assert or deny earnestly.
8	pro'test	prô'test	The act of protesting; declaration of non-payment.
9	lieu	liü	Place; stead: as, in lieu of.
10	lieu-ten'ant	liü-ten'ant (lef-ten'ant)	An officer acting for a superior; a deputy.
11	mort'ga-gee'	mor'ga-jê'	One who lends money on the security of property.
12	mort'ga-gor	mor'ga-jor	One who borrows money on the security of property.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 deleterious 14 existence 15 contemptible 16 globular

mä, âle, mē, all, nō, rûle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

LESSON 26.

1	ap-pear'ance	ap-pér'ans	Coming into view; personal presence.
2	in'can-des'cent	in'kan-des'ent	Made white with heat.
3	com-plete'	kom-plét'	To finish; to fulfil.
4	ac-ces'so-ry	ak-ses'o-ri	Contributing; aiding to the principal agent.
5	a'pro-pos'	a'prô-pô'	Opportune; appropriate.
6	gar'nish-ee'	gâr'nish-ê'	One lawfully warned not to deliver money or goods.
7	pre-mise'	pre-maiz'	To make an introductory statement.
8	prem'is-es	prem'is-ex	Introductory statements or conditions; land with or without buildings.
9	skill	skil	Familiar knowledge; dexterity; efficiency.
10	skil'ful (skill'ful)	skil'ful	Full of skill.
11	em'ploy-ee'	em'ploi-ê'	One who works for another.
12	em-ploy'er	em-ploi'er	One who has others to work for him.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 **cuisine** 14 **intermittent** 15 **lattice** 16 **mortar**

LESSON 27.

1	ex'traor'di-na-ry	ex'tror'di-ne-ri	Out of the common; remarkable.
2	scheme	skēm	A plan; a combination.
3	con'sci-en'tious	kon'shi-en'shus	Governed by conscience; morally right.
4	di-vis'i-ble	di-viz'i-bl	Capable of being cut up into parts.
5	in-au'gu-rate	in-a'giu-rât	To begin with proper ceremonies.
6	vet'er-i-na-ry	vet'er-i-ne-ri	Pertaining to the diseases of domestic animals.
7	sub-ject'	sub-jekt'	To bring under the power of; to subdue.
8	subject	sub'jekt	One who is governed; something treated in a special way.
9	rec'la-ma'tion	rek'la-mâ'shun	Restoration.

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

16

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

10 whith'er

whith'er

To what place.

11 wheth'er

wheth'er

Which of two.

12 weath'er

weth'er

Condition of the atmosphere
to overcome difficulties.*Consult homework dictionary.*

13 random

14 disciple

15 laudable

16 tubular

LESSON 28.

1 de-fend'ant

de-fend'ant

A person against whom a legal
action is brought.

2 plain'tiff

plān'tif

One beginning a legal action.

3 con-fig'u-
ra'tionkon-fig'yū-
rā'shunArranging in a given form or
shape.

4 ap-par'el

ap-par'el

To cover or clothe; clothing.

5 do'nor

dō'nor

One who gives.

6 mis'cel-
la'ne-ousmis'el-
lā'ne-us

Of several kinds; mixed.

7 mis'con-duct'

mis'kon-dukt'

To behave badly.

8 mis-con'duct

mis-kon'dukt

Bad behavior.

9 prom'is-so'ry

prom'i-so'ri

Expressing a promise.

10 gen'ius

jēn'yus

Exalted mental power.

11 ge'nus

jē'nus

A group of similar things divis-
ible into a smaller class or
species.

12 spe'cies

spē'shēz

A group of similar things
belonging to a larger class,
or genus.*Consult homework dictionary.*

13 metallic

14 discernible

15 ostentatious

16 incessant

LESSON 29.

1 min'i-a-ture

min'i-a-tiūr

Much smaller than reality; a
small painting or portrait.

2 pneu-mo'ni-a

niū-mō'ni-a

Inflammation of lung tissue.

3 grate'ful

grāt'fūl

Thankful.

4 cor're-
spond'encekor'e-
spond'ensWritten communications; adap-
tation of one thing to another.

5 la'bel

lā'bel

A mark denoting contents or
ownership.

6 pur-vey'or

pur-vā'or

One who furnishes supplies.

7 ab-tract'

ab-strakt'

To take away; to abridge.

8 ab'stract

ab'strakt

A summary; not concrete; ex-
isting only in thought.

mā, āle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met it, not, up, full;

- 9 **di-ver'sion** di-ver'shun Amusement; the act of turning aside.
 10 **rec're-a'tion** rek're-ā'shun Amusement; refreshment after labor.
 11 **as'sign-ee'** as'in-ē' One to whom property is legally transferred.
 12 **as'sign-or'** as'in-or' One who assigns property or rights.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **apology** 14 **tangible** 15 **convalescent** 16 **magnificence**

LESSON 30.

- 1 **neur-al'gi-a** niur-al'ji-a A sharp, sudden pain in a nerve.
 2 **re-scind'** re-sind' To cut off; to repeal or make void a legal act.
 3 **in'de-pend'ence** in'de-pend'ens Freedom from reliance on others.
 4 **ec-cen'tric** ek-sen'trik Peculiar; erratic; not having the same center.
 5 **re-cep'ta-cle** re-sep'ta-kl A thing that contains or holds other things.
 6 **mal'le-a-ble** mal'e-a-bl Capable of being hammered without breaking.
 7 **com-pound'** kom-pound' To make by combining; to make terms.
 8 **com'pound** kom'pound Made up of two or more parts or ingredients.
 9 **deb'it** deb'it To charge, as with debt; some thing owed.
 10 **debt'or** det'or One who is in debt.
 11 **qual'i-fied** kwol'i-faid Having necessary or certain qualities or conditions.
 12 **ag-grieve'** ag-grēv' To cause sorrow; to oppress.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **panorama** 14 **flexible** 15 **conscious** 16 **tenacious**

LESSON 31.

- 1 **de-sir'a-ble** de-zair'a-bl Worth having.
 2 **ad-journ'** ad-jurn' To put off to another day; to postpone.
 3 **os-ten'si-ble** os-ten'si-bl Offered as real; seeming; pretended.

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

- | | | | |
|----|------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 4 | cour'te-ous | kur'te-us | Polite; affable. |
| 5 | pre-co'ci-ous | pre-kō'shus | Developed in advance; ripened prematurely. |
| 6 | sep'a-rate | sep'a-rāt | To disconnect; to keep apart. |
| 7 | ab'so-lute | ab'so-lūt | Unrestrained by laws. |
| 8 | ob'so-lete | ob'so-lēt | Gone out of use. |
| 9 | re-sour'ces | re-sōr'sez | The total of one's available property, or means of paying. |
| 10 | li'a-bil'i-ties | lai'a-bil'i-tiz | The total of one's responsibilities for debt. |
| 11 | here-in' | hēr-in' | In this; in this place. |
| 12 | here-on' | hēr-on' | On this; hereupon. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **paroxysm** 14 **convertible** 15 **honorary** 16 **ostracize**

LESSON 32.

- | | | | |
|----|-----------------------|----------------|---|
| 1 | per'jure | per'jūr | To speak falsely under oath. |
| 2 | com'pe-tent | kom'pe-tent | Having sufficient authority; qualified. |
| 3 | in-flam'ma-ble | in-flam'a-bl | Readily set on fire; easily excited. |
| 4 | con'tro-ver'sy | kon'trō-ver'si | A dispute; a debate. |
| 5 | vit're-ous | vit're-us | Glassy; having the qualities of glass. |
| 6 | ap'per-tain' | ap'er-tān' | To belong by right. |
| 7 | in-her'it-ance | in-her'it-ans | Something received from a parent or ancestor. |
| 8 | in-her'ent | in-hēr'ent | Essential; a permanent quality. |
| 9 | dis-ease' | diz-ēz' | A morbid or abnormal condition. |
| 10 | de-ceive' | de-sēs' | Departure from life; death. |
| 11 | cour'age | kur'āj | The mental quality which meets dangers or difficulties calmly and firmly. |
| 12 | car'riage | kar'ij | A wheeled vehicle. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **ordinance** 14 **prevalence** 15 **disparity** 16 **embezzle**

LESSON 33.

- | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|------------------|---|
| 1 | nectar | nek'tar | A delicious drink. |
| 2 | super-vise' | siū'per-vaiz' | To look over; to superintend. |
| 3 | in'dis-pen'sa-ble | in'dis-pen'sa-bl | Necessary or requisite for the purpose. |

mā, ale, mē, all, nō. rŭle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|------------------|--|
| 4 | in-tel'li-gence | in-tel'i-jens | Mental ability; news. |
| 5 | bar'gain | bār'gen | To agree; to trade; to negotiate; to haggle. |
| 6 | su'per-sti'tious | siū'per-stish'us | Disposed to believe falsely or unreasonably. |
| 7 | im-port' | im-pōrt' | To bring in from abroad. |
| 8 | im'port | im'pōrt | Meaning; signification. |
| 9 | a'll-as | ā'li-as | An assumed name. |
| 10 | al'i-bl | al'i-bai | A plea of being elsewhere when a crime was committed. |
| 11 | em'pha-sis | em'fa-sis | An effort of the voice in speaking; any special demonstration. |
| 12 | em'pha-size | em'fa-saiz | To speak with special stress or earnestness. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **sergeant** 14 **permissible** 15 **intersperse** 16 **optical**

LESSON 34.

- | | | | |
|----|-----------------------------------|--------------|---|
| 1 | op'er-a'tion | op'er-ā'shun | A mode of action; a working to bring result. |
| 2 | sur-prise' | sur-praiz' | To astonish; an unexpected event. |
| 3 | vig'i-lance | vij'i-lans | Watchfulness; alertness. |
| 4 | o-be'di-ence | o-bē'di-ens | Dutiful; complying with law or behest. |
| 5 | sa-ga'cious | sa-gā'shus | Shrewd; wise; ready to decide. |
| 6 | civ'i-lize
(civ'i-lise) | siv'i-laiz | To reclaim from savagery. |
| 7 | con-cert' | kon-sert' | To act together; to agree. |
| 8 | con'cert | kon'sert | A musical performance by a number of persons; any agreement of persons. |
| 9 | op'u-lent | op'yū-lent | Having much property. |
| 10 | pli'ant | plai'ant | Easily bent; lithe; supple. |
| 11 | plaint | plānt | Utterance of sorrow; a legal writ. |
| 12 | re-al'it-y | re-al'i-ti | The state of being; actuality. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **reality** 14 **codicil** 15 **prejudice** 16 **rumor**

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

LESSON 35.

1	main'te-nance	mān'te-nans	Means of support.
2	cam-paign'	kam-pān'	An organized action, movement, or contest; a complete military operation.
3	per'ma-nent	per'ma-nent	Durable; lasting; continuing without change.
4	fas'ci-nate	fas'i-nāt	To attract irresistibly; to enchant.
5	ir-rel'e-vant	ir-rel'e-vant	Not applicable or pertinent; superfluous.
6	au'di-tor	a'di-tor	One who hears; one who examines accounts.
7	dis-count'	dis-kount	To deduct; to anticipate; to discredit.
8	dis'count	dis'kount	An amount deducted; the rate of discount.
9	cre'dence	krē'dens	Belief; confidence.
10	ac-cord'ance	ak-kord'ans	Agreement; harmony.
11	pat'ent	pat'ent	A monopoly granted to an inventor; an official grant of privileges.
12	pat'tern	pat'ern	A model or guide for forming something else; a type or style.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 **annihilation** 14 **pique** 5 **verified** 16 **homogeneous**

LESSON 36.

1	fos'sil	fos'il	Preserved in or dug out of the earth; remaining from past times.
2	ret'i-gence	ret'i-sens	The quality of keeping silent.
3	prep'a-ra'tion	prep'a-rā'shun	The act of making ready.
4	em'a-nate	em'a-nāt	To flow forth.
5	sus-cep'ti-ble	sus-sep'ti-bl	Yielding readily.
6	re-vers'i-ble (re-vers'a-ble)	re-vers'i-bl	That which may be turned to an opposite position.
7	con-vert'	kon-vert'	To change into another form.
8	con'vert	kon'vert	One who has been converted, especially in regard to religion.
9	par-ti'tion	par-tish'un	Division; a dividing wall.

mā, āle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- 10 **pe-ti'tion** pe-tish'un A formal request; a prayer; a supplication.
 11 **apt'i-tude** apt'i-tiūd A natural tendency; suitable-ness.
 12 **at'ti-tude** at'i-tiūd A position, especially of the body.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **incandescent** 14 **dilemma** 15 **pittance** 16 **spurious**

LESSON 37.

- 1 **es'sence** es'ens Elements making up the real nature of anything; the extracted virtues of a plant or drug.
 2 **di'et-a-ry** dai'et-e-ri A system of eating food.
 3 **ad-mis'si-ble** ad-mis'i-bl Allowable.
 4 **kiln** kil A furnace for baking bricks, etc.
 5 **ex-cheq'uer** ex-chek'er A government treasury or its department; financial condition.
 6 **niece** nēs The daughter of a brother or sister.
 7 **en-trance'** en-trans' To put into a state of exalted joy.
 8 **en'trance** en'trans A passage into a house or other place.
 9 **phe-nom'en-on** fe-nom'en-on Something seen; an appearance; or extraordinary appearance.
 10 **phe-nom'en-a** fe-nom'en-a Plural form of phenomenon.
 11 **hy'giene** hai'jēn Relating to science of health.
 12 **weird** wērd Unnatural; uncanny.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **defendant** 14 **superintendent** 15 **impassable** 16 **incubus**

LESSON 38.

- 1 **re-spon'si-ble** re-spon'si-bl Legally or morally answerable for a debt or duty; able to distinguish between right and wrong.
 2 **dis-solve'** 'diz-olv' To change from a solid into a liquid condition; to liquefy; to break up; to decompose.

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

- 3 **co-in'el-dence** kô-in'si-dens The act or state of happening at the same time or place as something else.
- 4 **rou'tine'** rû'tên' A regular method of action.
- 5 **mi-nu'ti-ae** mi-niû'shi-ê Small or unimportant details.
- 6 **twelfth** twelfth Second in the order after ten.
- 7 **con-crete'** kon-krêt' To form into a mass; to supply with concrete.
- 8 **con'crete** kon'krêt A hard compound of gravel and cement, etc.; the material expression of a mental image.
- 9 **ex'qui-site** ex'kwi-zit Fine; delicate; dainty.
- 10 **ex'qui-site-ly** ex'kwi-zit-li In an exquisite manner.
- 11 **col'lege** kol'ej An incorporated school; any school for advanced learning.
- 12 **col-le'gi-ate** kol-lê'ji-ât (kol-lê'ji-et) Pertaining to, or conducted like a college.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **inaugurate** 14 **tariff** 15 **souvenir** 16 **specimen**

LESSON 39.

- 1 **mis'de-mean'or** mis'de-mên'or Any legal offence less than a felony; misbehavior.
- 2 **av'oir-du-pois'** av'or-du-poiz' A system of weights in which the unit is the pound of sixteen ounces.
- 3 **suit** siût To please; to befit; to satisfy; an action at law.
- 4 **suite** swêt A set or series of things, as a number of rooms, a company of attendants, or a series of dances.
- 5 **cel'e-brate** sel'e-brât To rejoice with accompanying ceremonies; to make famous.
- 6 **ce-leb'ri-ty** se-leb'ri-ti A famous person; the state of being famous.
- 7 **com-pact'** kom-pakt' Closely united; dense; solid.
- 8 **com'pact** kom'pakt A covenant, or contract.
- 9 **ar-range'** ar-rânj' To put in proper order.
- 10 **ar-range'ment** ar-rânj'ment The state of being arranged or put in order.
- 11 **im-mor'tal** im-mor'tal Deathless; having unending existence.

mă, âle, mē, ăll. nō, rûle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- 12 **im-par'tial** im-pär'shal Fair; unbiased; not taking sides.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **correspondence** 14 **recommend** 15 **canceled** 16 **vice versa**

LESSON 40.

- | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|-----------------|---|
| 1 | ir're-sist'i-ble | ir're-zist'i-bl | That which cannot be successfully opposed. |
| 2 | syn-op'sis | sin-op'sis | A general view; a summary; an abstract. |
| 3 | chan'cel-lor | chan'sel-or | A high officer in legal, government, or university life. |
| 4 | where'a-bouts | whär'a-bouts | A place near which a person or thing is placed. |
| 5 | com'pe-tence | kom'pe-tens | Ability; sufficiency; qualification. |
| 6 | fur'lough | fur'lö | A sailor's or soldier's leave of absence. |
| 7 | li'bra-ry | lai'bra-ri | A collection of books, or other documents. |
| 8 | li'bra-ries | lai'bra-riz | Plural of library. |
| 9 | em'i-nent | em'i-nent | High in station, merit, or esteem; distinguished. |
| 10 | im'mi-nent | im'i-nent | Close at hand; impending. |
| 11 | bal'ance | bal'ans | To weigh; a pair of scales; difference between two sides of an account. |
| 12 | bal'an-cing | bal'an-sing | Weighing; poisoning; keeping in equilibrium. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **eccentric** 14 **exorbitant** 15 **insolveney** 16 **defalcate**

LESSON 41.

- | | | | |
|---|------------------------|----------------|---|
| 1 | dis-ci'ple | dis-sai'pl | One who accepts or follows a teacher. |
| 2 | a-me'na-ble | a-mē'na-bl | Tractable; willing and ready to submit. |
| 3 | con-sen'sus | kon-sen'sus | General agreement; collective opinion. |
| 4 | glob'u-lar | glob'yü-lar | Spherical; globe-shaped. |
| 5 | con'va-les'cent | kon'va-les'ent | Recovering health after sickness. |

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

24

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

6	bank'rupt	bangk'rupt	Unable to pay one's debts; insolvent.
7	de-fense' (de-fence')	de-fens'	A protection or guard against harm; justification; apology.
8	de-fen'sive	de-fen'siv	Intended or suitable for defense.
9	strait	strât	A narrow passage of water; any narrow passage.
10	straight	strât	Direct; not crooked; unbroken; uninterrupted.
11	re-fer'	re-fer'	To submit to another for information or decision.
12	re-ferred'	re-ferd'	Submitted to another.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 resources 14 voucher 15 forgery 16 monetary

LESSON 42.

1	im-per'a-tive	im-per'a-tiv	Expressive of command obligatory.
2	rep'er-toire'	rep'er-twâr'	A stock of pieces ready at command.
3	per'pen-dic'u-lar	per'pen-dik'yû-lar	At right angles to any straight line (vertical).
4	ex-pe'ri-ence	ex-pê'ri-ens	Knowledge obtained personally.
5	par-al'y-sis	par-al'i-sis	Inability to move; loss of active power.
6	par'a-chute	par'a-shût	An umbrella-shaped apparatus used by balloonists.
7	sep'a-rate	sep'a-rât	To disconnect; to keep apart.
8	pa-rade'	pa-râd'	A ceremonious procession, as of troops.
9	com-pare'	kom-pâr'	To examine with reference to likeness or unlikeness.
10	com-par'i-son	kom-par'i-son	The act of comparing.
11	par'a-pet	par'a-pet	A low wall affording slight protection; breastwork.
12	ram'part	ram'pârt	An embankment around a fort.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 apparatus 14 parallel 15 permeate 16 perpetrate

LESSON 43.

1	as-par'a-gus	as-par'a-gus	A garden vegetable.
2	nine'ty-ninth	nain'ti-naintk	One in order before the hundredth.

mä, äle, mē, äll, nō, rüle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

3	nine'ti-eth	nain'ti-eth	Tenth in order after the eightieth.
4	nine'teen'	nain'tēn'	Nine more than ten.
5	wholly	hōl'li	Entirely; completely.
6	re-tire'	re-tair'	To withdraw; to go to bed; to remove from active service.
7	re-tire'ment	re-tair'ment	The act of withdrawing.
8	syn'a-gogue	sin'a-gog	A Hebrew place of worship; or the worshippers.
9	am'a-teur'	am'a-tiūr'	One who follows an art or sport for the love of it; non-professional.
10	nov'ice	nov'is	A beginner.
11	ex-pen'sive	ex-pen'siv	Costly.
12	an-tique'	an-tēk'	Ancient; in the style of ancient art.

Consult homework dictionary.

13	nectar	14	warranty	15	usury	16	defaulter
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LESSON 44.

1	ex-ist'ence	ex-ist'ens	State of being or existing; life; continued being.
2	tan'gi-ble	tan'ji-bl	Perceptible to the touch; visible.
3	can'celed (can'celled)	kan'seld	Marked out; obliterated.
4	val'u-a-ble	val'yū-a-bl	Having value; costly; esteemed.
5	ac-knowl'edg-ment	ak-nol'ej-ment	An admission, as of receipt; avowal; confession.
6	be-lieve'	be-lēv'	To accept as true; to have faith.
7	be-liev'ing	be-lēv'ing	Having faith.
8	im-pan'el	im-pan'el	To enroll upon a jury list; to swear in a jury.
9	im-pan'el-ing (im-pan'el-ling)	im-pan'el-ing	The act of forming a jury.
10	arch	ārch	To curve; to span; roguish; sly.
11	arc	ārk	Anything in the shape of a bow; an arch.
12	ar'chi-tect	ār'ki tekt	One who plans a building; a builder.

Consult homework dictionary.

13	opulent	14	millinery	15	synonymous	16	administrator
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ārm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

LESSON 45.

- | | | | |
|----|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 1 | rec'om-pense | rek'om-pens | To repay; to give an equivalent. |
| 2 | re-mu'ner-ate | re-miü'ner-ät | To pay for services. |
| 3 | al'ti-tude | al'ti-tiüd | Height; vertical elevation. |
| 4 | dy'na-mo | dai'na-mö | A machine for generating electricity. |
| 5 | con-stit'u-ent | kon-stit'yü-ent | A necessary part; a voter. |
| 6 | ac-ces'si-ble | ak-ses'i-bl | Approachable; easily reached or attained. |
| 7 | ho'sier-y | hö'zier-i
(hö'zher-i) | Hose, stockings, etc. |
| 8 | ce-ment' | se-ment' | An adhesive substance for uniting stone, glass, etc.; to unite firmly. |
| 9 | con-demn' | kon-dem' | To impose a penalty, especially for a crime; to declare unfit for use. |
| 10 | con-demn'ing | kon-dem'ing | Imposing a penalty; convicting. |
| 11 | in-i'tial | in-ish'al | Standing at the beginning or head; the first letter of a name or word. |
| 12 | in-i'tialed
(in-i'tialled) | in-ish'alä | Marked with an initial. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 fascinate 14 volatile 15 sarsaparilla 16 certificate

LESSON 46.

- | | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------|--|
| 1 | tab'u-lar | tab'yü-lar | Arranged in the form of a table or list. |
| 2 | che-nille' | she-nël' | A soft, fluffy cord. |
| 3 | con-tempt'i-ble | kon-tempt'i-bl | Vile; despicable. |
| 4 | tick'ler | tik'ler | A reminder, or collection of memoranda; one who tickles. |
| 5 | in-ces'sant | in-ses'ant | Continued; without leaving off. |
| 6 | in'ter-mit'tent | in'ter-mit'ent | Occurring from time to time, with more or less regularity. |
| 7 | prin'ci-pal | prin'si-pal | First in rank, character, or value; a leader; property as opposed to interest. |
| 8 | prin'ci-ple | prin'si-pl | A general truth; inherent characteristic. |
| 9 | mem'o-ran'dum | mem'o-ran'dum | A note to help the memory. |

mä, äle, mē, all, nō, rüle. at, met, it, not, un full.

- 10 **mem'o-ran'da** mem'o-ran'da Plural of memorandum.
 11 **com-pe'** kom-pel' To drive by force; to over-
 power.
 12 **con-trol'ling** kon-tröl'ing Directing; restraining; govern-
 ing.
Consult homework dictionary.
 13 **preparation** 14 **alcohol** 15 **withdrawal** 16 **superfluous**

LESSON 47.

- 1 **ho'ping** hō'ping Cherishing a desire; trusting
 confidently that good will
 come.
 2 **ob-lit'er-ate** ob-lit'er-ät To wipe out; to destroy without
 leaving any trace.
 3 **lat'tice** lat'is Openwork made by the crossing
 of strips or bars.
 4 **cou'pon'** kū'pon' A ticket entitling the holder to
 some advantage, usually
 monetary.
 5 **mag-nif'i-
 cence** mag-nif'i-sens The state or condition of being
 great in character or action.
 6 **caout'chouc** kū'chuk India-rubber; the juice of the
 tree from which it is made.
 7 **tu'bu-lar** tiū'biu-lar Tube-shaped; pipe-like; pro-
 vided with tubes.
 8 **si'ne-cure** sai'ne-kiür An office or position having pay
 (sin'e-kiür) with few or no duties.
 9 **syn'co-pe** sin'ko-pi A fainting fit; the dropping of
 (sing'ko-pe) a vowel or syllable from the
 midst of a word.
 10 **lin'i-ment** lin'i-ment A liquid preparation applied to
 bruises, etc.
 11 **lin'e-ar** lin'e-ar Of the nature of a line; con-
 sisting of lines.
 12 **lin'e-al** lin'e-al Made with lines; a pedigree
 descending in one line.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **phenomena** 14 **tacit** 15 **mnemonic** 16 **nondescript**

LESSON 48.

- 1 **re-quire'ment** re-kwair'ment That which is demanded or
 claimed.
 2 **dis-cern'i-ble** di-zern'i-bl Capable of being seen or
 perceived.

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

3 gnarl	nârl	A tough knot in wood ; to growl.
4 mortar	mor'tar	A mixture of sand and lime used in building ; a vessel in which drugs, etc. are pounded ; a short cannon.
5 how'itz-er	hou'itz-er	A short, light cannon.
6 laud'a-ble	lad'a-bl	Praiseworthy.
7 in-fringe'	in-frinj'	To break ; to violate.
8 in-fringe'ment	in-frinj'ment	Violation.
9 e-lim'i-nate	e-lim'i-nât	To cast out ; reject ; remove.
10 pre-lim'i-na-ry	pre-lim'i-ne-ri	That which precedes the main business ; introductory.
11 al'to-geth'er	al'to-geth'er	Wholly ; completely.
12 al'ways	al'wâz	Perpetually ; invariably.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 routine 14 instantaneous 15 storage 16 incorporate

LESSON 49.

1 di-rect'or	di-rekt'or	A leader, especially of a corporation.
2 freight	frât	Goods in the process of transportation ; the cost of the same.
3 os'ten-ta'tious	os'ten-tâ'shus	Marked by vain display ; pretending to be real.
4 con'scious	kon'shus	To be aware that one lives, feels, and thinks.
5 al-low'ance	al-low'ans	A deduction or addition ; something permitted.
6 con-vert'i-ble	kon-vert'i-bl	Interchangeable ; equivalent in scope or meaning.
7 mer'chan-dise	mer'chan-daiz	Goods in the process of buying or selling.
8 pro-ra'ta	prô râ'ta	In proportion.
9 li'en	lai'en (lē'en)	A legal claim on property, as security for debt.
10 cash-ier'	kash-ēr'	A cashkeeper ; pay-master ; to dismiss in disgrace.
11 an-nu'i-ty	an-niū'i-ti	A yearly allowance or income.
12 im-mu'ni-ty	im-miū'ni-ti	Freedom from burdens, duties, or penalties.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 arrangement 14 hydraulic 15 itemize 16 reimburse

mā, āle, mē, all, nō, rûle ; at, met, it, not, up, full ;

LESSON 50.

1	par'al-lel	par'a-lel	Having a like course; proceeding in the same direction without meeting.
2	ow'ing	ô'ing	The state of being obliged or indebted.
3	flex'i-ble	flex'i-bl	Easily bent; pliant.
4	hon'or-a-ry	on'or-e-ri	Done, made, or held as an honor.
5	te-na'cious	te-nâ'shus	Tough; sticky; holding fast; adhesive.
6	ten'ta-tive	ten'ta-tiv	Ex; tentative; made by way of trial.
7	site	sait	Local position; a plot of ground set apart for use.
8	re-cum'bent	re-kum'bent	Leaning back; reclining.
9	suc-cumb'	suk-kum'	To sink down, as under a burden; to yield.
10	ar'ma-ment	âr'ma-ment	A land or sea force; warlike equipment.
11	ar'mis-tice	âr'mis-tis	A truce; temporary cessation of hostilities.
12	ar'ma-ture	âr'ma-tiür	A piece of iron joining the poles of a magnet; the rotating core of a dynamo.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 furlough 14 beneficiary 15 corduroy 16 bulletin

LESSON 51.

1	dis-par'i-ty	dis-par'i-ti	Inequality; the state of being dissimilar.
2	su'per-in-tend'ent	siü'per-in-tend'ent	One who manages or supervises.
3	where'in	whâr'in	In which thing or place
4	tes'ti-mo'ni-al	tes'ti-mô'ni-al	A formal token of regard or approval.
5	op'er-a'tor	op'er-â'tor	A skilled worker, one who operates.
6	dis-sim'i-lar	dis-sim'i-lar	Unlike; different.
7	fore'tell	fôr'tel	To tell in advance; to predict.
8	fore'man	fôr'man	The head man overseeing a body of workmen.
9	per-mis'si-ble	per-mis'i-bl	Allowable; that which is permitted.

ârm; fiü (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

- 10 **im-pass'a-ble** im-pas'a-bl That cannot be passed.
 11 **pur'chase** pur'chas To buy; that which is bought
 12 **pur'chas-a-ble** pur'chas-a-bl That may be bought.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **defensive** 14 **maturity** 15 **oscillate** 16 **enunciation**

LESSON 52.

- 1 **ledg'er** lej'er A principal account book.
 2 **cus'tom-er** kus'tum-er A buyer; a purchaser; one with whom one deals.
 3 **os'tra-cize** os'tra-saiz Exclusion from favors in society or politics.
 (os'tra-cise)
 4 **'he'zle** em-bez'l To appropriate fraudulently.
 5 **tion-al** ir-rash'un-al Contrary to reasoning; absurd.
 6 **-al** op'tik-al Pertaining to the science of eyesight.
 7 **spe-cif'ic** spe-sif'ik Distinct; definite; precise; intended to produce a definite result.
 8 **e-con'o-my** e-kon'o-mi Good management; frugality.
 9 **sun'dry** sun'dri Several; various; of an indefinite small number.
 10 **sun'dries** sun'driz Items or things not separately specified.
 11 **con-cur'** kon-kur' To run together; to agree.
 12 **con-curred'** kon-kurd' Run together; agreed.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **incomparable** 14 **mortise** 15 **obviate** 16 **license**

LESSON 53.

- 1 **cyl'in-der** sil'in-der A circular body of uniform diameter.
 2 **in'cu-bus** in'kiy-bus An oppression or weighing down; a nightmare.
 3 **liq'ul-date** lik'wi-dat To pay debts; settle; adjust
 4 **in'ter-sperse'** in'ter-spers' To distribute scatteringly.
 5 **an'ti-sep'tic** an'ti-sep'tik Anything that prevents putrefaction.
 6 **prej'u-dice** prej'u-dis An opinion not resting on reason.

mā, āle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|------------------|---|
| 7 | en-act' | en-akt' | To make into a law; to carry out in action. |
| 8 | pen-in'su-la | pen-in'siŋ-la | A piece of land almost surrounded by water. |
| 9 | pen'i-ten'tia-ry | pen'i-ten'sha-ri | A house of correction; prison. |
| 10 | ac'cent | ak'sent | The stress of the voice on certain syllables. |
| 11 | as-sent' | as-sent' | To express agreement with a statement. |
| 12 | as-cend'ing | as-send'ing | Going up; climbing. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 retirement 14 equitable 15 porcelain 16 discrepancy

LESSON 54.

- | | | | |
|----|-----------------------|---------------|--|
| 1 | vac'u-um | vak'yū-um | A space devoid of matter. |
| 2 | ne-go'ti-ate | ne-gō'shi-āt | To bargain for property, service, etc. |
| 3 | ru'mor | rū'mor | An unverified report. |
| 4 | sou've-nir' | sū've-nēr' | A token of remembrance. |
| 5 | plique | pēk | A feeling of slight irritation. |
| 6 | sa-lu'bri-ous | sa-lū'bri-us | Conducive to health; wholesome. |
| 7 | in-dict'ment | in-dait'ment | A formal charge of crime. |
| 8 | lic'o-ri-ce | lik'o-ris | A perennial herb of the bean family. |
| 9 | an-nounce' | an-nouns' | To declare; to publish; to proclaim. |
| 10 | an-nounce'ment | an-nouns'ment | A declaration; public notice. |
| 11 | phys'i-ol'o-gy | fiz'i-ol'o-ji | The science of vital organisms. |
| 12 | psy-cho'l'o-gy | sai-kol'o-ji | The science of the mind and its perceptions. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 acknowledgment 14 boycott 15 contagious 16 pecuniary

LESSON 55.

- | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------|---|
| 1 | vac'ci-nate | vak'si-nāt | To inoculate with cowpox virus. |
| 2 | sur'plus | sur'plus | Excess over what is needed. |
| 3 | ver'i-fied | ver'i-faid | Proved to be true or exact. |
| 4 | tem'po-ra-ry | tem'po-re-ri | Lasting for a short time only. |
| 5 | spec'i-men | spes'i-men | One of a class of things regarded as a model or sample. |

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

- 6 **rec'om-mend'** rek'om-mend' To make attractive; to commend to favorable attention.
- 7 **pto'main** (pto'maine) tō'mān An alkaloid, usually poisonous, resulting from putrefaction.
- 8 **bi'cy-cle** bai'si-kl A vehicle with two wheels set in line.
- 9 **se'ri-al** sē'ri-al Occurring at regular intervals.
- 10 **ce're-al** cē're-al A grain yielding plant.
- 11 **ba-na'na** ba-nā'na The fruit of a large herbaceous tropical plant.
- 12 **ban-dan'na** ban-dan'a A large, bright-colored handkerchief.
- Consult homework dictionary.*
- 13 **repertoire** 14 **sciatica** 15 **pretentious** 16 **judicial**

LESSON 56.

- 1 **con-tin'gent** kon-tin'jent Liable to occur; probable.
- 2 **di-lem'ma** di-lem'a A choice between undesirable alternatives; perplexity.
- 3 **va'can-cy** vā'kan-si Space; emptiness.
- 4 **tar'iff** tar'if A system of duties on imports, any list of charges.
- 5 **spu'ri-ous** spiū'ri-us Not genuine; false; forged.
- 6 **dig'it** dij'it A finger or toe; any one of the ten Arabic numerals.
- 7 **va-lise'** va-lēs' A traveling-bag.
- 8 **phi-los'o-phy** fi-los'o-fi The love of wisdom; a rational explanation of things.
- 9 **a'er-ate** ā'er-āt To supply with, or expose to the air.
- 10 **sub-poe'na** sub-pē'na A legal order requiring appearance at court under penalty.
- 11 **ster'il-ize** ster'il-aiz To destroy micro-organisms.
- 12 **as-sim'i-late** as-sim'i-lāt To take up; to digest.
- Consult homework dictionary.*
- 13 **memoranda** 14 **procedure** 15 **offelate** 16 **pleurisy**

LESSON 57.

- 1 **vi'ce ver'sa** vai'sē ver'sa In reversed relationship.
- 2 **mar'vel-ous** (mar'vel-lous) mār'vel-us Astonishing; wonderful.
- 3 **rheu-mat'ic** rū-mat'ik Affected with rheumatism.

mā, āle, mē, āll, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- | | | | |
|----|------------------------|----------------|---|
| 4 | ho'mo-ge-ne-ous | hō'mo-jē'ne-us | Uniform; made up of similar elements. |
| 5 | me-dic'i-nal | me-dis'i-nal | Adapted to cure or mitigate disease. |
| 6 | in-solv'en-cy | in-solv'en-si | Bankruptcy; unable to pay one's debts. |
| 7 | for'mi-da-ble | for'mi-da-bl | Difficult to accomplish. |
| 8 | gi-gan'tic | jai-gan'tik | Like a giant; colossal; huge. |
| 9 | cym'bals | sim'balz | A pair of hollow musical instruments sounded by being clashed together. |
| 10 | sym-bol'ic | sim-bol'ik | Representative; figurative. |
| 11 | tech'nic-al | tek'nik-al | Pertaining to the mechanical arts; formal, as in a <i>technical</i> defect. |
| 12 | tex'tile | tex'til | A woven fabric. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **liniment** 14 **strenuous** 15 **cinnamon** 16 **missile**

LESSON 58.

- | | | | |
|----|------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 1 | mon'e-ta-ry | mun | Pecuniary; pertaining to money. |
| 2 | ec'o-nom'ic | ek'o | Well managed. |
| 3 | dir'i-gi-ble | dir'i-ji-bl | That which may be steered or directed. |
| 4 | pit'tance | pit'ans | A small charitable gift; any small allowance. |
| 5 | op'por-tu'ni-ty | op'or-tiū'ni-ti | A fit time; a favorable occasion. |
| 6 | ex-or'bi-tant | ex-or'bi-tant | Excessive; beyond the proper limit. |
| 7 | vi'sion-a-ry | vizh'un-e-ri | Dreamy; unpractical. |
| 8 | tour'na-ment | tūr'na-ment | A contest of skill among several competitors. |
| 9 | par've-nu | pār've-niū | An upstart; one who has lately risen in society. |
| 10 | req'ui-si'tion | rek'wi-zish'un | A demand; a formal request. |
| 11 | sub'tile | sub'til | Delicately formed; refined. |
| 12 | sub'tle | sut'l | Cunning; crafty; sagacious. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **infringement** 14 **utilitarian** 15 **subterfuge** 16 **definite**

arm; tiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

LESSON 59.

1	vouch'er	vouch'er	An material evidence of an alleged act.
2	fil'i-gree	fil'i-grē	Fanciful; delicate; made of fine wire; any ornamental openwork.
3	sub'ter-ra'ne-an	sub'ter-rā'ne-an	Underground; below the surface.
4	de-fal'cate	de-fal'kāt	To cut off; to misappropriate money.
5	re-bate'	re-bāt'	A deduction.
6	vit'ri-ol	vit'ri-ol	A soluble sulphate of any metal.
7	per'me-ate	per'me-āt	To pass through the pores without breaking.
8	in-junc'tion	in jungk'shun	A legal order requiring a person to do or not to do an act.
9	sall'ent	sā'li-ent	Standing out prominently; conspicuous; striking.
10	stat'ue	stat'yū	A figure in sculptural art.
11	stat'ute	stat'yūt	A duly authorized law.
12	stat'ure	stat'yūr	Natural height of men or animals.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 immunity 14 efficacious 15 dilapidated 16 edible

LESSON 60.

1	u'su-ry	yū'ziq-ri	A premium paid for the use of money, especially when exceeding the legal rate of interest.
2	ex-cru'ci-ate	ex-krū'shi-āt	To torture.
3	com-bus'ti-ble	kom-bus'ti-bl	A substance that will readily ignite or burn.
4	for'ger-y	fōr'jer-i	Something falsely made or altered with intent to defraud or deceive.
5	cite	sait	To quote or name for argument; to summon.
6	wors'ted	wurs'ted (wust'ed)	Woolen yarn.
7	a-nom'a-ly	a-nom'a-li	Irregularity; deviation from rule.
8	lig'a-ment	lig'a-ment	A connecting tie, usually of fibrous tissue.

mā, āle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- 9 **cap'i-tal** kap'i-tal Chief; principal; the aggregate of the products of industry.
 10 **Cap'i-tol** kap'i-tol A state-house; the official building of Congress at Washington.
 11 **a-non'y-mous** a-non'i-mus Having, or disclosing, no name.
 12 **pseu'do-nym** siü'do-nim A fictitious name, as of a writer.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **tentative** 14 **sedentary** 15 **impetus** 16 **pertinent**

LESSON 61.

- 1 **nu'cle-us** niü'kle-us A central part about which the rest accumulates.
 2 **syn-on'y-mous** sin-on'i-mus Having the same or almost the same meaning.
 3 **sev'er-ance** sev'er-ans Separation; the act of separating.
 4 **per'pe-trate** per'pe-trät To perform; to be guilty of; to commit.
 5 **de-fault'er** de-falt'er One who neglects to fulfil an obligation.
 6 **no'tice-a-ble** nō'tis-a-bl Worthy of, or attracting attention.
 7 **em-bar' rass-ment** em-bar'as-ment Discomposure; perplexity; pecuniary difficulties.
 8 **so'br'i'quet** sō'brē'kā' A nickname; a fanciful or humorous name.
 9 **sou'brette'** sū'bret' An actress who plays a lively part in comedy.
 10 **o-mit'** o-mit' To leave out; to fail to include.
 11 **o-mit'ted** o-mit'ed Left out; excluded.
 12 **o-mis'sion** o-mish'un The act of leaving out; exclusion.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **paresis** 14 **accelerate** 15 **aggregate** 16 **casualty**

LESSON 62.

- 1 **im-pugn'** im-piün' To call in question; to gainsay.
 2 **hem'or-rhage** hem'o-rāj A discharge of blood from a broken blood vessel.
 3 **mil'li-ner-y** mil'i-ner-i Relating to women's hats and their fixings.
 4 **war'rant-y** wor'ant-i A legal deed of security.

ärm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

5	vol'a-tile	vol'a-til	Evaporating at ordinary temperature; fickle; fleeting.
6	ab-bre'vi ate	ab-brē'vi-ât	To shorten, so that a part stands for the whole.
7	ac-cede'	ak-sēd'	To agree; to assent.
8	jour'neys	jur'niz	Travelings from place to place.
9	ben'e-fit	ben'e-fit	To be useful or helpful to; to derive improvement.
10	ben'e-fit-ed	ben'e-fit-ed	Aided, helped or improved.
11	leg'l-ble	lej'i-bl	That may be read easily.
12	il-leg'l-ble	il-lej'i-bl	Difficult to read; obscured, or effaced.

Consult homework dictionary.

13	specific	14	coercion	15	obedience	16	realm
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LESSON 63.

1	al'co-hol	al'ko-hol	A volatile, inflammable, colorless liquid; an intoxicant.
2	nas'cent	nas'ent	Beginning to exist or develop.
3	in-vet'er-ate	in-vet'er-ât	Deep-rooted; long-continued; malignant.
4	ad min'is-tra'tor	ad-min'is-trâ'tor	One who administers, regulates or manages, especially in a legal capacity.
5	fi-nan'cial	fi-nan'shal	Pertaining to finance or revenue; monetary.
6	sar'sa-pa-ril'la	sâr'sa-pa-ril'a	A medicinal root; a beverage made therefrom.
7	tac'it	tas'it	Understood without direct statement; silent.
8	com-mu'ni-ty	kom-miū'ni-ti	A body of persons having common interests.
9	strat'e-gy	strat'e-ji	The science of military positions and combinations.
10	strat'a-gem	strat'a-jem	An act or device for gaining advantage, especially in warfare.
11	quar'rel	kwor'el	To fall out; to dispute; to disagree.
12	quar-rel-ing	kwor'el-ing	The act of falling out.

Consult homework dictionary.

13	antiseptic	14	unique	15	encomium	16	peremptory
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mā, āle, mē, all, nō, rûle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

LESSON 64.

- 1 **su-per'flu-ous** siŭ-per'fŭ-us More than is needed.
- 2 **ir-res'o-lute** ir-rez'o-lŭt Hesitating; undecided; not resolute.
- 3 **mne-mon'ic** ne-mon'ik Aiding the memory.
- 4 **pos'si-bil'i-ty** pos'i-bil'i-ti The fact or state of being possible.
- 5 **as'cer-tain'a-ble** as'er-tān'a-bl Capable of being found or discovered.
- 6 **cer-tifi-cate** ser-tif'i-kāt A written declaration or voucher.
- 7 **ir'ri-ta-ble** ir'i-ta-bl Easily provoked; impatient.
- 8 **non'de-script** non'de-skript Not easily described; strange; odd.
- 9 **di'ag-no'sis** dai'ag-nō'sis The determination of the nature of a disease.
- 10 **ren'dez-vous** ren'de-vŭ An appointed place of meeting.
- 11 **eb'on-y** eb'on-i A hard, heavy wood, usually black.
- 12 **ma-hog'a-ny** ma-hog'a-ni A large tropical tree, with hard, reddish wood.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **indictment** 14 **intrigue** 15 **analyst** 16 **inanimate**

LESSON 65.

- 1 **hy-drau'lic** hai-dra'lik Pertaining to the movement or energy of water.
- 2 **rep'ri-mand'** rep'ri-mand' To reprove sharply; severe censure.
- 3 **awk'ward** ak'ward Ungraceful; difficult to handle.
- 4 **colo'nel** kur'nel The highest officer of a regiment.
- 5 **in'stan-ta-ne-ous** in'stan-tā-ne-us Acting or occurring very quickly, or instantly.
- 6 **ben'e-fi-ci-a-ry** ben'e-fish'ia-ri One who receives a benefit or privilege.
- 7 **ther-mom'e-ter** ther-mom'e-ter An instrument for measuring temperature.
- 8 **skein** skān A fixed quantity of yarn or thread wound and doubled.
- 9 **writ'ten** rit'en Past participle of write.
- 10 **writ'ing** rai'ting The act of one who writes; the thing written.

arm; fiŭ (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, batho, exact.

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CUMULATIVE SPELLER

- 11 **be-reave'** be-rév' To deprive of something valuable or beloved.
 12 **be-reave'ment** be-rév'ment The state of being deprived, or bereaved.
Consult homework dictionary.
 13 **surplus** 14 **innuendo** 15 **abhorrent** 16 **vermillion**

LESSON 66.

- 1 **stor'age** stôr'āj The safe-keeping of goods in a warehouse; the price for keeping goods in store.
 2 **i'tem-ize** ai'tem-aiz To state in detail.
 3 **di'a-phragm** dai'a-fram A dividing membrane or partition.
 4 **har'ass** har'as To vex; to worry.
 5 **cor'du-roy** kor'diū-roi A thick, ribbed cotton stuff. *Corduroy road*, a log road across a swamp.
 6 **leg'a-cy** leg'a-si Something left by will; anything inherited.
 7 **lith'o-graph** lith'o-graf To print from a drawing on stone; the print so made.
 8 **ten'e-ment** ten'e-ment A room or rooms for a family; a dwelling-house.
 9 **coup'le** kup'l Two of a kind; to join; to place in a pair.
 10 **cu'po-la** kiū'po-la A dome; an arched roof.
 11 **wool'en (wool-len)** wūl'en Made wholly or partly of wool.
 12 **wo'ful (woe'ful)** wō'ful Sorrowful; distressful; wretched.
Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **subpoena** 14 **ignition** 15 **erysipelas** 16 **schism**

LESSON 67.

- 1 **ec'ze-ma** ek'ze-ma An inflammatory skin disease.
 2 **tol'er-ate** tol'er-āt To allow to exist; to endure.
 3 **re'im-burse'** rē'im-burs' To pay back; to indemnify.
 4 **in-cor'po-rate** in-kor'po-rāt To combine into one body; to form a legal corporation.
 5 **com-mit'tee** kom-mit'ē A person or persons appointed to consider or decide some matter.

mā, āle, mē, āll, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- | | | | |
|----|------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 6 | ped'ler
(ped'dler) | ped'ler | One who travels on foot to sell goods. |
| 7 | val'leys | val'iz | Depressions between hills. |
| 8 | with-draw'al | with-dra'al | The act of taking back; a recalling from a certain position. |
| 9 | nat'u-ral | nat'yū-ral | Produced by nature; native; ordinary. |
| 10 | ar'ti-fi'cial | ar'ti-fish'al | Produced by art; manufactured; not genuine; crafty. |
| 11 | in-den'ture | in-den'tiūr | A sealed contract, especially of apprenticeship. |
| 12 | man-da'mus | man-dā'mus | A writ issued by courts of superior jurisdiction. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **technical** 14 **incoherent** 15 **foreclosure** 16 **heretofore**

LESSON 68.

- | | | | |
|----|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
| 1 | mort'ise | mort'is | A cavity made in a piece of timber, to receive the tenon of another piece; to join by a tenon and mortise. |
| 2 | im-pet'u-ous | im-pet'yū-us | Passionate; impulsive; headlong. |
| 3 | ma-tu'ri-ty | ma-tiū'ri-ti | Ripeness; full development. |
| 4 | bul'le-tin | bul'e-tin | A short, official report. |
| 5 | hi'er-o-glyph'ics | hai'er-o-glif'iks | Picture-writing, especially of the ancient Egyptians. |
| 6 | in-oc'u-late | in-ok'yū-lāt | To communicate disease by the introduction of infectious matter. |
| 7 | a-vail'a-ble | a-vāl'a-bl | Usable; that may be used to advantage. |
| 8 | in-sip'id | in-sip'id | Tasteless; without flavor. |
| 9 | pol-lu'tion | pol-lū'shun | The act of making unclean. |
| 10 | pu'ri-ty | piū'ri-ti | The state of being pure; cleanness; innocence. |
| 11 | in-vel'gle | in-vē'gl | To lead astray; to entice. |
| 12 | shriek | shrek | A sharp, shrill outcry, or scream. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **requisition** 14 **veracity** 15 **meningitis** 16 **ultimatum**

arm; fiū (few). aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

LESSON 69.

1	nul'ti fy	nul'ti-fai	To deprive of legal force; to annul.
2	ohm	ôm	The unit of electrical resistance.
3	os'ell-late	os'i-lât	To swing or move to and fro; to waver.
4	cloth'ing	klôth'ing	Dress; garments; apparel.
5	neigh'bor	nâ'bor	One who lives near another; anything adjacent.
6	porce'lain	pors'lân	A translucent pottery, usually glazed.
7	me-rid'i-an	me-rid'i-an	Midday; noon; a great circle of the earth, passing through the poles at any given place.
8	cat'a-ract	kat'a-rakt	A great fall or flood of water.
9	cleanse	klenz	To clean; to free from defilement.
10	vi'ti-ate	vish'i-ât	To debase; to contaminate; to render defective.
11	prac'tise (prac'tice)	prak'tis	To perform frequently or habitually.
12	prac'tice (prac'tise)	prak'tis	Any frequently repeated or customary action.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 injunction 14 bete noire 15 antithesis 16 opaque

LESSON 70.

1	eq'ui-ta-ble	ek'wi-ta-bl	Fair; conformable to right and justice.
2	ob'vi-ate	ob'vi-ât	To meet in such a way as to avoid difficulty.
3	e-nun'ci- a'tion	e-nun'si- â'shun (e-nun'shi- â'shun)	The utterance of vocal sounds.
4	char'ac-ter	kar'ak-ter	The distinguishing qualities of a person or class.
5	a-part'ment	a-pârt'ment	A room in a building; a suite of rooms.
6	co-los'sal	ko-los'al	Enormous; huge; gigantic.
7	hand'i- capped	hand'i-kapt	Having obstacles to offset advantages; hindered; retarded.

mā, āle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- | | | | |
|----|------------------|--------------------|---|
| 8 | knot | not | An intertwining of one or more cords; speed in nautical miles per hour; to tie or tangle. |
| 9 | pris'tine | pris'tin | Of the earliest state, or time. |
| 10 | mod'ern | mod'ern | Recent; not ancient. |
| 11 | car'at | kar'at | A twenty-fourth part: used to express the proportion of gold in an alloy; a unit of weight for precious stones, about 3.2 grains. |
| 12 | car'et | kār'et
(kar'et) | A sign (^) indicating omissions. |
- Consult homework dictionary.*
- 13 **anomaly** 14 **colleague** 15 **ampere** 16 **connoisseur**

LESSON 71.

- | | | | |
|----|----------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| 1 | ex-pli'it | ex-plis'it | Plainly expressed. |
| 2 | verge | verj | An extreme edge or border. |
| 3 | e-lec'tric'i-ty | e-lek'tris'i-ti | An invisible natural agent manifested in various forms of energy. |
| 4 | dis-crep'an-
cy | dis-krep'an-si | A disagreement or difference; variance. |
| 5 | con-ta'gious | kon-tā'jus | Transmissible by contact, as a disease. |
| 6 | con-tig'u-ous | kon-tig'yū-us | Touching, or adjoining. |
| 7 | sci-at'i-ca | sai-at'i-ka | Neuralgia of the hip and thigh. |
| 8 | cas'ter
(cas'tor) | kas'ter | A small wheel on a swivel, attached to the leg of a table, etc. |
| 9 | ob-jec'tive | ob-jek'tiv | That which is external to the mind; denoting the case of the object of a transitive verb or of a preposition. |
| 10 | sub-jec'tive | sub-jek'tiv | Proceeding from the mind. |
| 11 | an'a-lyze
(an'a-lyse) | an'a-laiz | To take apart; to examine minutely and critically. |
| 12 | syn'the-size | sin'the-saiz | To put together; to construct. |
- Consult homework dictionary.*
- 13 **nucleus** 14 **reciprocate** 15 **instrumental** 16 **consensus**

LESSON 72.

- | | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|
| 1 | in-dorse'ment
(en-dorse'ment) | in-dors'ment
(en-dors'ment) | The writing of one's name on the back of a document; approval. |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out. bath, bathe, exact.

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

- 2 whole'sale' hōl'sāl' Buying or selling in quantity;
on a large scale.
- 3 boy'cott boi'kot To combine with others in
refusing to have dealings
with a person.
- 4 of-fi'ci-ate of-fish'i-āt To act as an officer.
- 5 pre-ten'tious pre-ten'shus Showy; conceited; egotistical.
- 6 mis'sile mis'il A weapon thrown, or intended
to be thrown.
- 7 car'ton kār'ton A pasteboard box or the
material for making it.
- 8 right'eous-ness rait'yus-nes The quality of conforming with
standards of right and justice.
- 9 mag-nan'i-mous mag-nan'i-mus Great in spirit; unselfish.
- 10 vi-cin'i-ty vi-sin'i-ty Nearness in space or relation-
ship; proximity.
- 11 con-fi-dent kon'fi-dent Bold; audacious.
- 12 con-fi-dant' kon'fi-dant' One to whom secrets are
(con-fi-dent') (kon'fi-dent') entrusted.
- Consult homework dictionary.*
- 13 accede 14 conspicuous 15 trivial 16 abscond

LESSON 73.

- 1 le'nient lē'nient Not severe; mild; merciful.
- 2 plu-ral'i-ty plu-ral'i-ti The greater number.
- 3 vin'di-cate vin'di-kāt To assert or prove a right; to
defend; to justify.
- 4 pe-cu'ni-a-ry pe-kiū'ni-e-ri Relating to money.
- 5 ju-di'cial ju-dish'al Pertaining to the administra-
tion of justice.
- 6 com-mu'ni-ca'tion kom-miū'ni-kā'shun Interchange of thoughts or
opinions; correspondence;
intercourse.
- 7 stren'u-ous stren'yū-us Active; vigorous; earnest.
- 8 pro-mo'ter pro-mō'ter One who aids in the develop-
ment or establishment of
anything.
- 9 en-vel'op en-vel'op To cover by wrapping.
- 10 en'vel-o-pe en'vel-ōp A wrapper of paper with
gummed edges for enclosing
a letter.
- 11 de-vel'op de-vel'op To unfold and open up by
degrees; to increase in power.

mā, āle, mē, all, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- 12 **de-vel'op-ment** de-vel'op-ment A gradual unfolding and exhibition of something previously hidden or involved; gradual growth.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **nascent** 14 **autonomy** 15 **cliente** 16 **hypothecate**

LESSON 74.

- 1 **can'vass** kan'vas To sift; to scrutinize; to search for votes, or customers.
 2 **in'sta-bil'i-ty** in'sta-bil-i-ti Want of firmness; inconstancy; changeableness.
 3 **haz'ard-ous** ha-zard-us Involving danger, risk, or loss.
 4 **pro-ee'dure** pro-ee'dyūr An act or course of action
 5 **cin'na-mon** sin'a-mun An aromatic bark used as a spice.
 6 **pleu'ri-sy** plū'ri-si Inflammation of the pleura, or covering of the lungs.
 7 **waive** wāv To relinquish, especially temporarily.
 8 **in-dem'ni-fy** in-dem'ni-fai To compensate for loss or damage.
 9 **du'pli-cate** diū'pli-kāt To reproduce exactly; double.
 10 **em-po'ri-um** em-pō'ri-um The chief trading center of a wide territory.
 11 **in-di'ted** in-dai'ted Put into words; composed; dictated.
 12 **in-debt'ed** in-det'ed In debt; under obligation.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **diagnosis** 14 **abrogate** 15 **prerogative** 16 **exemplary**

LESSON 75.

- 1 **al-lege'** al-lej' To assert to be true; to declare.
 2 **lunch'oon** lunch'un Any light meal.
 3 **charge'a-ble** chārj'a-bl Liabie to be charged.
 4 **u-til'i-ta'ri-an** yū-til'i-tā'ri-an Relating to usefulness.
 5 **threat'en** thret'n To menace; to express bad intentions.
 6 **effi-ca'cious** ef'i-kā'shus Having effective energy.
 7 **at-tor'ney** at-tur'ni A person legally empowered to act for another, as a lawyer.

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

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CUMULATIVE SPELLER

- | | | | |
|----|---------------------------------------|--------------|---|
| 8 | ac-cel'er-ate | ak-sel'er-ät | To quicken the motion of a moving body. |
| 9 | re-gret' | re-gret' | To remember with sorrow or distress; to lament. |
| 10 | re-gret'ting | re-gret'ing | Remembering with sorrow. |
| 11 | en'ter-prise
(en'ter-prize) | en'ter-praiz | An undertaking; boldness and energy. |
| 12 | rec'og-nize
(rec'og-nise) | rek'og-naiz | To know again; to acknowledge formally. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- | | | | | | | | |
|----|------------------|----|---------------|----|---------------|----|----------------|
| 13 | reprimand | 14 | elient | 15 | notary | 16 | actuary |
|----|------------------|----|---------------|----|---------------|----|----------------|

LESSON 76.

- | | | | |
|----|------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 1 | fraud'u-lent | frađ'yü-lent | Deliberately deceptive. |
| 2 | ex-cise' | ek-saiz' | A tax levied on domestic commodities; to cut out. |
| 3 | di-lap'i-da-ted | di-lap'i-dä-ted | Impaired or ruined by misuse or neglect. |
| 4 | e-lie'it | e-lis'it | To draw out; to bring to light |
| 5 | sub'ter-fuge | sub'ter-fiüj | A false excuse. |
| 6 | sher'iff | sher'if | The chief executive officer of a county. |
| 7 | ag'gre-gate | ag're-gät | Collected into a sum, mass, or total; amount; total. |
| 8 | im'ple-ment | im'ple-ment | Anything used in work, especially in manual work. |
| 9 | in-fe'ri-or | in-fë'ri-or | Lower in quality or rank. |
| 10 | ma-nip'u-late | ma-nip'yü-lät | To work upon with the hands. |
| 11 | ac-crue' | ak-krü' | To come as a natural result. |
| 12 | ac-cru'ing | ak-krü'ing | Coming as a natural result or addition. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- | | | | | | | | |
|----|---------------|----|--------------------|----|------------------|----|------------------|
| 13 | eupola | 14 | deteriorate | 15 | authentic | 16 | inference |
|----|---------------|----|--------------------|----|------------------|----|------------------|

LESSON 77.

- | | | | |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 1 | ben'e-fi'cial | ben'e-fish'al | Helpful; conferring benefits |
| 2 | cas'u-al-ty | kaz'yü-al-ti
(kazh'yü-al-ti) | A fatal accident; a chance |
| 3 | hes'i-tan-cy | hez'i-tan-si | Slowness or uncertainty of action or speech. |
| 4 | def'i-nite | def'i-nit | Having exact meaning, or limits. |

mä, äle, mē, all, nō, rüle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- | | | | |
|----|-----------------------|--------------|--|
| 5 | as-sas'sin-ate | as-sas'in-ât | To murder under the impulse of wild passion. |
| 6 | ed'i-ble | ed'i-bl | Fit to eat; suitable for food. |
| 7 | a-tro'cious | a-trô'shus | Horrible; wantonly wicked. |
| 8 | ges'ture | jes'tiür | A movement, especially of the hands, to express emotion. |
| 9 | man'i-fest | man'i-fest | To make plain; a document used in shipping. |
| 10 | ac'cu-ra-cy | ak'yü-ra-si | The quality of being exact or correct. |
| 11 | de-mur' | de-mur' | To offer objections; to take exception. |
| 12 | de-mur'rage | de-mur'äj | The detention of a vessel or cargo beyond a specified time; a charge for such detention. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **indenture** 14 **precinct** 15 **granary** 16 **pavilion**

LESSON 78.

- | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|------------------|---|
| 1 | sta-tis'tics | sta-tis'tiks | Collected facts and figures on any subject. |
| 2 | dil'i-gent | dil'i-jent | Careful; painstaking. |
| 3 | sed'en-ta-ry | sed'en-te-ri | Sitting much of the time. |
| 4 | dis-train' | dis-trân' | To take and detain goods as security for debt. |
| 5 | co-er'cion | kô-er'shun | Forcible restraint; compulsion. |
| 6 | co-part'ner-ship | kô-part'ner-ship | An arrangement to share in business. |
| 7 | u-nique' | yü-nêk' | Being the only one of its kind. |
| 8 | fe-ro'cious | fe-rô'shus | Wild; fierce; savage. |
| 9 | shipped | shipt | Sent by any established mode of transportation, especially by a ship. |
| 10 | co-op'er-a'tion | kô-op'er-ä'shun | Joint action; working together for a common object. |
| 11 | in-i'ti-ate | in-ish'i-ât | To introduce; to instruct in first principles. |
| 12 | as-so'ci-ate | as-sô'shi-ât | To bring together; to unite. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **mandamus** 14 **alienate** 15 **perpetuity** 16 **delinquent**

ärm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

LESSON 79.

1	mack'er-el	mak'er-el	The common name of a food-fish of different species.
2	o-bel'sance	o-bā'sans	A bow, or act of respect or reverence.
3	fa-mil'lar	fa-mil'yar	Well-acquainted; well versed in; informal; well known.
4	im'pe-tus	im'pe-tus	The energy with which anything moves.
5	in'ter-change'a-ble	in'ter-chānj'a-bl	Capable of being put in place of each other.
6	en-co'mi-um	en-kō'mi-um	A formal expression of praise.
7	tem'po-ra'ri-ly	tem'po-re'ri-li	For a short time only.
8	ex-pe'ri-ence	ex-pē'ri-ens	Knowledge obtained personally.
9	fiend	fēnd	Wicked person.
10	lau'da-num	lā'da-num	Tincture of opium.
11	con-sign'ment	kon-sain'ment	The sending of goods, etc., for sale.
12	mis-man'age-ment	mis-man'āj-ment	The act of managing badly or unskillfully.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 vitiate 14 intestate 15 applicable 16 eulogy

LESSON 80.

1	diph-the'ri-a	dī . /hē'ri-a	An acute disease of the throat.
2	al-u'mi-num (al'u-min'i-um)	a-lū'mi-num	A white metallic element of light weight.
3	per'ti-nent	per'ti-nent	Related to the matter in hand.
4	ex'tir-pate	ex'ter-pāt	To get rid of by taking out by the roots.
5	realm	relm	The dominions of a reigning sovereign.
6	en-force'ment	en-fōrs'ment	The act of putting in execution; compulsion.
7	per'emp-to'ry	per'emp-to'ri	Positive in judgment; dogmatic; dictatorial.
8	in-stil' (in-still)	in-stil'	To pour in gradually.
9	in-stall'	in-stal'	To establish in a place or position.
10	in-stal'ment (in-stall'ment)	in-stal'ment	A partial payment.

mā, āle, mē, āll, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- | | | | |
|----|----------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| 11 | in'stal-la'tion | in'stal-lá'shun | The introduction of useful apparatus; an official ceremony. |
| 12 | judg'ment
(judge'ment) | juj'ment | Correct decision; a legal sentence. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- | | | | | |
|----|--------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 13 | caret | 14 enamel | 15 alpaca | 16 hypothesis |
|----|--------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|

LESSON 81.

- | | | | |
|----|--------------------------------|---|---|
| 1 | ten'ant | ten'ant | One who holds or occupies lands or tenements of another. |
| 2 | fu'tile | fiü'til | Done in vain; unavailing. |
| 3 | in-trigue' | in-trêg' | A plot or scheme. |
| 4 | cor'ri-dor | kor'i-dor | A wide gallery or passage in a building. |
| 5 | fore-clo'sure | för-klö'zhur | The legal process of preventing a mortgagee from redeeming his property. |
| 6 | ap-pen'di-cu'tis | ap-pen'di-sai'tis
(ap-pen'di-sē'tis) | Inflammation of the vermiform appendix. |
| 7 | con'nois-seur' | kon'i-sur' | A competent judge of art, etc. |
| 8 | fal-la'cious | fal-lā'shus | Deceptive; illogical. |
| 9 | diph'thong | dif'thong | Two vowels sounded as one syllable. |
| 10 | peace'a-ble | pēs'a-bl | Tranquil; inclined to peace. |
| 11 | sal'vage | sal'vāj | The act of saving a ship or property from loss; that which is rescued from shipwreck. |
| 12 | sel'vage
(sel'vedge) | sel'vāj | The edge of a fabric woven so as not to ravel. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- | | | | | |
|----|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 13 | contiguous | 14 affiliate | 15 vignette | 16 excerpt |
|----|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|

LESSON 82.

- | | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------|--|
| 1 | om'e-let | om'e-let | A dish of eggs and milk, beaten together, and fried. |
| 2 | eighth | ättā | Next in order after the seventh. |
| 3 | an'a-lyst | an'a-list | One who separates a compound into its parts or elements. |

ärm; fiü (few), aiale, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

4	cu'ti-cle	kiu'ti-kl	The outer covering of the skin.
5	here'to-fore'	hēr'tu-fōr'	Previously; hitherto.
6	prop'a-gate	prop'a-gāt	To cause to multiply or spread abroad.
7	res'er-voir'	rez'er-vwor'	A storage place for any liquid.
8	wil'ful (will'ful)	wil'ful	Bent on having one's own way.
9	hoe'ing	hō'ing	The act of working with a hoe.
10	ty'ing	tai'ing	The act of fastening with cord, etc.
11	Jew'el-er (Jew'el-ler)	jū'el-er	A dealer in, or maker of jewelry.
12	trav'el-er (trav'el-ler)	trav'el-er	One who makes a journey.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 carton 14 irretrievable 15 versatile 16 anomalous

LESSON 83.

1	sub'urb	sub'urb	A place adjacent to a city.
2	as'phalt	as'falt	Mineral pitch; hard bitumen.
3	in-an'i-māte	in-an'i-māt	Without animal life; dead.
4	am-bas'sa-dor	am-bas'a-dor	The representative of one government sent to another.
5	ve-rac'i-ty	ve-ras'i-ti	Truth; the state of being true.
6	lu'cre	lū'ker	Money; especially as an object of greed.
7	frag'ile	frāj'il	Frail; delicate; easily broken.
8	chiffon	shif'on	A very thin transparent fabric.
9	pa-ja'mas	pa-jā'maz	Loose trousers commonly worn in India.
10	a-cet'ic	a-set'ik	Sour; like vinegar.
11	ac'et-yl-ene'	as'et-il-ēn'	A brilliant illuminating gas.
12	as-cet'i-cism	as-set'i-sizm	The practice of extreme self-denial.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 plurality 14 phlegmatic 15 meager 16 archive

LESSON 84.

1	san'i-ta'ri-um	san'i-tā'ri-um	A place where the conditions are made favorable to the cure of disease.
2	trous'seau'	trū'so'	A bride's outfit.

mā, āle, mē, āll, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- 3 **in'nu-en'do** in'yū-en'dō A hint; an indirect aspersion; an insinuation.
- 4 **bat-tal'ion** bat-tal'yun A body of troops.
- 5 **men'in-gl'tis** men'in-jai'tis Inflammation of an enveloping membrane, especially of the brain.
- 6 **el'ee-mos'y-na-ry** el'e-mos'i-ne-ri Relating to alms; given in charity.
- 7 **cu'mu-la-tive** kiū'miū-lā-tiv Gathering strength by addition or repetition.
- 8 **ex-cres'cence** ex-kres'ens An unnatural outgrowth.
- 9 **vaude'ville** vōd'vil A miscellaneous entertainment.
- 10 **e-gre'gious** e-grē'jius Remarkable, usually in a bad sense.
- 11 **ep'i-lep-sy** ep'i-lep-si A disease of the brain accompanied by convulsions.
- 12 **ap'o-plex-y** ap'o-plex-i A sudden loss of sense and motion from an effusion of blood upon the brain.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **indemnify** 14 **fictitious** 15 **contraband** 16 **aforsaid**

LESSON 85.

- 1 **in'ven-to'ry** in'ven-to'ri A detailed list, as of property.
- 2 **cham'ois** sham'i (sham'wo) A soft pliable leather; a kind of antelope.
- 3 **ab-hor'rent** ab-hor'ent Hateful; repugnant.
- 4 **glyc'er-in** glis'er-in A thick, oily, sweet liquid obtained from fat.
- 5 **ul'ti-ma'tum** ul'ti-mā'tum A final statement.
- 6 **venge'ance** venj'ans The infliction of punishment for an injury; revenge.
- 7 **cha-grin'** sha-grin' Humiliation; wounded pride.
- 8 **ex-on'er-ate** ex-on'er-āt To vindicate; to free from responsibility.
- 9 **el-lipse'** el-lips' An oval figure.
- 10 **el-lip'sis** el-lip'sis The omission of a word or phrase.
- 11 **char'ac-ter-is'tic** kar'ak-ter-is'tik A distinguishing quality.
- 12 **car'i-ca-ture** kar'i-ka-tiūr A picture or description marked by ridiculous exaggeration.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **attorney** 14 **mercenary** 15 **incipient** 16 **voracious**

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

LESSON 86.

1	gel'a-tin (gel'a-tine)	jel'a-tin	A substance of a jelly consistence obtained by boiling the solid parts, as the muscles, bones, etc., of animals.
2	au-ton'o-my	a-ton'o-mi	Power or right of self-government.
3	ver-mil'ion	ver-mil'yun	A brilliant red pigment, or its color.
4	ob-ligue'	ob-lék'	To slant; to deviate from the perpendicular.
5	bête noire (bête noir)	bât nwär	Black beast; any object of especial dread.
6	chrys'a-lis	kris'a-lis	The form assumed by some insects before they become winged.
7	sur'ro-gate	sur'o-gät	A deputy; a substitute.
8	cres'cent	kres'ent	Increasing; said of the moon in its first quarter; hence, crescent-shaped.
9	hor'i-zon'tal	hor'i-zon'tal	On a level; parallel with the skyline.
10	a-me'llo-rate	a-mê'lio-rät	To make better, or more endurable.
11	reg'is-ter	rej'is-ter	An official record of facts, names, etc.
12	reg'is-trar	rej'is-trar	The official keeper of a register.
<i>Consult homework dictionary.</i>			
13	inferior	14 secretary	15 vertical 16 sanguine

LESSON 87.

1	fra-ter'nal	fra-ter'nal	Brotherly; pertaining to brethren.
2	e-ma'ci-a'ted	e-mä'shi-ä'ted	Greatly reduced in flesh.
3	ig-ni'tion	ig-nish'un	The act of setting on fire.
4	ret'i-cent	ret'i-sent	Habitually silent.
5	an-tith'e-sis	an-tit'h'e-sis	Opposition of words or sentiments; contrast.
6	cli'en-tele'	k lai'en-tél'	A body of clients or customers.
7	tal'is-man	tal'is-man	Something supposed to produce magical effects; a charm.
8	com-pla'cen-cy	kom-plä'sen-si	Satisfaction; being pleased with one's self or with one's condition.

mä, äle, mē, all, nō, rüle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

- 9 **in-fec'tious** in-fek'shus Having the quality of infecting or tainting.
 10 **ep'i-dem'ic** ep'i-dem'ik General; common to many people.
 11 **seru'ti-ny** skru'ti-ni A close investigation.
 12 **seru'ti-neer'** skru'ti-nēr' One who examines votes and decides upon their validity.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **demurrage** 14 **arraign** 15 **expedient** 16 **rectitude**

LESSON 88.

- 1 **lu'era-tive** lū'kra-tiv Productive of wealth; highly profitable.
 2 **for'ceps** for'seps Pincers for grasping small objects.
 3 **er'y-sip'e-las** er'i-sip'e-las An acute inflammation of the skin.
 4 **in-ter'pret-er** in-ter'pre-er One who makes an intelligible translation, usually oral.
 5 **o-paque'** o-pāk' Not transparent; dull.
 6 **hy-poth'e-cate** hai-poth'e-kāt To pledge personal property.
 7 **poul'tice** pōl'tis A mollifying remedy applied to sores.
 8 **co'coa-nut** kō'ko-nut A large nut, the fruit of a palm-tree.
 9 **pit'e-ous** pit'e-us Exciting pity, sorrow, or sympathy.
 10 **lab'y-rinth** lab'i-rinth A place full of intricate windings.
 11 **in-car'cer-ate** in-kār'ser-āt To imprison.
 12 **o'pi-ate** ō'pi-āt Something tending to induce sleep.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **distrain** 14 **propaganda** 15 **parliament** 16 **intimidate**

LESSON 89.

- 1 **dye'ing** dai'ing Staining, or fixing a color in a substance.
 2 **ser'e-nade'** ser'e-nād' Music performed in the open air at night to compliment someone.

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

3	schism	sizm	Factional or other division, especially of a church.
4	trav'es-ty	trav'es-ti	A grotesque imitation.
5	col'league	kol'ëg	An associate (not a partner).
6	sieve	siv	A utensil with a meshed strainer.
7	gra-tu'i-tous	gra-tiü'i-tus	Given freely.
8	re-cip'ro-cate	re-sip'ro-kât	To interchange; to pass to and fro; to alternate.
9	tank'ard	tangk'ard	A large drinking cup.
10	bor'ough	bur'ô	An incorporated town; any town.
11	im-pos'tor	im-pos'tor	One who deceives.
12	im-port'er	im-pört'er	One who brings merchandise into a country.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 temporarily 14 obloquy 15 arsenal 16 quandary

LESSON 90.

1	in-im'i-cal	in-im'i-kal	Unfriendly; hurtful.
2	bur-lesque'	bur-lesk'	A ludicrous imitation.
3	in'co-her'ent	in'kô-hër'ent	Unconnected; confused.
4	lar'ce-ny	lâr'se-ni	Theft.
5	am-pere'	am-pâr'	The unit of electric current-strength.
6	gas'o-line	gas'o-lën	A volatile preparation of petroleum used as fuel.
7	re-pug'nance	re-pug'nans	A feeling of aversion.
8	pic'a-yune'	pik'a-yün'	A small Spanish coin.
9	coch'i-neal	koch'i-nël	A brilliant scarlet dye.
10	di-ag'o-nal	dai-ag'o-nal	Crossing obliquely.
11	so-lil'o-quy	so-lil'o-kwi	Talking to oneself, regardless of others.
12	mon'o-logue	mon'o-log	A composition spoken by one person.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 extirpate 14 ignominious 15 exigency 16 appliance

LESSON 91.

1	ge-ra'ni-um	je-rä'ni-um	A cultivated flowering plant.
2	ab'ro-gate	ab'ro-gât	To annul; to repeal.

mä äle, mē, all, nō, rüle; at, met, it, not, up, full;

3	pum'ice	pum'is	A polishing material of volcanic origin.
4	fu'mi-gate	fū'mi-gât	To smoke; to disinfect with fumes.
5	cruc'ible	krū'si-bl	A vessel in which metals are melted.
6	in-tes'tate	in-tes'tât	A person who dies without having made a valid will.
7	pre'am'ble	prē'am'bl	An introductory statement.
8	cul'pa-ble	kul'pa-bl	Deserving of blame.
9	ma-la'ri-al	ma-lā'ri-al	Caused by malaria.
10	ar'bi-tra'tion	ar'bi-trā'shun	The determination of a dispute by a party chosen by the disputants.
11	han'som	han'som	A low, two-wheeled, one-horse cab.
12	buffet	buf'et (bu-fā')	A sideboard; a public place for lunch or light refreshments.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 **salvage** 14 **corroborate** 15 **debenture** 16 **currency**

LESSON 92.

1	ar'chive	ar'kaiv	A place for keeping public documents; the document itself.
2	dis-burse'	dis-burs'	To pay out, as for current expenses.
3	ex'em-pla-ry	ex'em-ple-ri	Worthy of imitation.
4	re-hearse'	re-hers'	To repeat for practice or improvement.
5	hy-poth'e-sis	hai-poth'h'e-sis	Something assumed as the foundation of an argument; supposition.
6	in-del'i-ble	in-del'i-bl	That which cannot be erased or blotted out.
7	pro-vi'so	pro-vai'zō	A provision or condition in an agreement.
8	cal'um-ny	kal'um-ni	A false report; slander.
9	de-gen'er-ate	de-jen'er-ât	To become worse or inferior.
10	fluc'tu-ate	fluk'tiū-ât	To move like waves.
11	met'ro-pol'i-tan	met'ro-pol'i-tan	Pertaining to a chief city.
12	que'ry	kwē'ri	To make inquiry.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 **reservoir** 14 **despicable** 15 **receiver** 16 **promiscuous**

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

LESSON 93.

- | | | | |
|----|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
| 1 | typ'ic-al | tip'ik-al | Having the nature of a type or pattern. |
| 2 | stip'u-late | stip'yū-lāt | To specify as the terms of an agreement; to bargain. |
| 3 | pre-rog'a-tive | pre-rog'a-tiv | An unquestionable official right. |
| 4 | ac-crue'd' | ak-krūd' | Brought about as a natural result. |
| 5 | af-fl'i-ate | af-fl'i-āt | To receive as a friend; to consort. |
| 6 | per'fo-rate | per'fo-rāt | To bore through; to pierce with holes. |
| 7 | quar'an-tine' | kwor'an-tēn' | Enforced isolation in cases of disease. |
| 8 | fle-ti'tious | fik-tish'us | Having no real existence. |
| 9 | neg'li-gence | neg'li-jens | An act of neglect; disregard for appearances. |
| 10 | ap-pur'te-nan-ces | ap-pur'te-nan-sez | Minor things attached to principal ones. |
| 11 | clear'ance | klēr'ans | A certificate allowing a vessel to sail. |
| 12 | un-wield'y | un-wēld'i | Moved or managed with difficulty. |

Consult homework dictionary.

13 **acetylene** 14 **initiative** 15 **mitigation** 16 **embargo**

LESSON 94.

- | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------|---|
| 1 | brief | brēf | Short; a concise legal statement. |
| 2 | chap'er-on | shap'er-ōn | The attendant of a young unmarried woman in public. |
| 3 | res'i-due | rez'i-diū | A remainder from other parts. |
| 4 | ac-tu-a-ry | ak'tiū-a-ri | One who calculates insurance and other risks. |
| 5 | refer-ee' | ref'er-ē' | A person to whom a thing is referred. |
| 6 | ver'sa-tile | ve-rsa-til | Facility for varied occupations. |
| 7 | de-scent' | de-sent' | The act of coming or going down. |
| 8 | ar-raign' | ar-rān' | To cause a person to plead guilty or not guilty; to accuse. |
| 9 | sub'se-quent | sub'se-kwent | Following in time, or place, or order. |

mā, āle, mē, āll, nō, rūle : at, met, it, not, up, full ;

- Consult homework dictionary.**

1	chal'enge	chal'enj	A defiance; an objection to a statement.
2	mea'ger (mea'gre)	mē'ger	Deficient; inadequate.
3	can'ta-loup	kan'ta-lūp	A variety of muskmelon.
4	pre'einet	prē'singkt	A place with fixed boundaries; a district.
5	cis'tern	sis'tern	A reservoir for holding water.
6	a-nom'a-lous	a-nom'a-lus	Irregular; exceptional; abnormal.
7	typ'ist	taip'ist	One who operates a typewriter.
8	de-te'ri-o-rate	de-tē'ri-o-rāt	To make worse; to grow worse.
9	mas'sage	mas'āj (mas'sazh')	A system of treatment in which the body is rubbed and kneaded.
10	quar'ry	kwor'i	To cut or dig, especially stone anything eagerly pursued.
11	tinc'ture	tingk'tiūr	To tint slightly; a medicinal solution.
12	en-clo'sure	en-klō'zhur	The act of enclosing; an enclosed space.

13 ellipse 14 onerous 15 gazetteer 16 implicit

1	ton-tine'	ton-tén'	A financial scheme of which the gain accrues to the survivor or survivors.
2	cal'i-ber (cal'i-bre)	kal'i-ber	The inside diameter of a tube; degree of power or capacity.
3	in'fer-ence	in'fer-ens	A deduction; a conjecture
4	pa-vil'lon	pa-vil'yun	A temporary shelter; a tent; a canopy.

arm : fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

CUMULATIVE SPELLER

5	ex'pi-ate	ex'pi-āt	To atone for.
6	ex-pa'ti-ate	ex-pā'shi-āt	To give free range to; to discuss fully.
7	a'lien-ate	ā'lien-āt	To estrange; to make alien.
8	bo'na fi'de	bō'na fai'dē	In good faith; without deceit.
9	quan'da-ry	kwon'da-ri	A state of hesitation.
10	dis-pense'	dis-pens'	To deal out in portions. <i>Dis-pense with</i> , to do without.
11	in-sur'ance	in-shūr'ans	Compensation for damage or accident.
12	en-cum'brance	en-kum'brans	Any useless or burdensome addition; a liability.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 surrogate 14 quorum 15 osteopathy 16 intuition

LESSON 97.

1	dec'i-mate	des'i-māt	To kill one out of every ten; to destroy a large proportion of.
2	dis-sem'i-nate	dis-sem'i-nāt	To sow broadcast; to scatter.
3	de-lin'quent	de-ling'kwent	Faulty; failing in duty.
4	mag'a-zine'	mag'a-zēn'	A storehouse, especially for military stores or gunpowder; a periodical publication.
5	gran'a-ry	gran'a-ri	A storehouse for grain.
6	vict'uals	vit'lz	Food for human beings as prepared for eating.
7	per'pe-tu'i-ty	per'pe-tiū'i-ti	The state of being continued indefinitely.
8	um-brel'la	um-brel'a	A light folding canopy to protect from sunshine or rain.
9	skep'tic-al	skep'tik-al	Refusing a generally accepted conclusion; unbelieving.
10	man'i-fold	man'i-fōld	To make more than one copy at once; manifested in many ways.
11	ma-nil'a (ma-nill'a)	ma-nil'a	A kind of cigar made in Manila a fiber.
12	an'ni-ver'sa-ry	an'i-ver'sa-ri	Recurring at a stated time; the annual celebration of an event.

Consult homework dictionary.

13 reticent 14 cyclometer 15 phosphate 16 succor

mā, āle, mē, āll, nō, rūle, at, met, it, not, up, full;

LESSON 98.

- | | | | |
|----|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
| 1 | pas'sion-ate | pash'un-ät | Easily moved to joy or anger. |
| 2 | pa'tient | pä'shent | Enduring; tolerant; a person undergoing treatment. |
| 3 | pur'pose | pur'pus | A plan, design, or aim; to resolve; to intend. |
| 4 | pro-pose' | pro-pöz' | To offer as a plan or scheme; to make any offer. |
| 5 | ap-pro'pri-a'tion | ap-prö'pri-ä'shun | The act of setting apart for special use. |
| 6 | prep'a-ra'tion | prep'a-rä'shun | The act of making ready. |
| 7 | par-take' | par-täk' | To share; to have a part in. |
| 8 | por'ti-co | pör'ti-kö | An ornamental porch with columns. |
| 9 | com-par'a-tive | kom-par'a-tiv | Relative; expressing a higher or a lower degree. |
| 10 | op'er-a-tive | op'er-a-tiv | Exerting power, or force; one employed in a mill. |
| 11 | pre-tend' | pre-tend' | To assume a false appearance; to simulate. |
| 12 | por-tend' | pör-tend' | To indicate as being about to happen. |

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **aperture** 14 **portray** 15 **oppressor** 16 **peruser**

LESSON 99.

- | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|--|
| 1 | pros'e-cute | pros'e-kiüt | To pursue in order to attain an object; to carry on a judicial proceeding against. |
| 2 | per'se-cute | per'se-kiüt | To pursue in order to injure or vex. |
| 3 | per'son-ate | per'sun-ät | To assume the character of another. |
| 4 | pur-su'ant | pur-siü'ant | Done in accordance with or by reason of something; conformable. |
| 5 | par'cel | pär'sel | Anything wrapped up or distinct from other things. |
| 6 | par'a-sol | par'a-sol | A small, light umbrella. |
| 7 | ten'or | ten'or | A settled course; the highest adult male voice. |
| 8 | ten'ure | ten'yür | A holding of property; the term during which a thing is held. |

arm; fiü (few). aisle, oil. out. bath, bathe, exact.

- 9 **pla'gi-a-rist** plā'ji-a-rist One who takes the writings of another and palms them off as his own.
- 10 **proffer** prof'er To offer for acceptance.
- 11 **pre-fer'** pre-fer' To like better; to give precedence to.
- 12 **pre-ferred'** pre-ferd' Past tense of prefer.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **advance** 14 **defiance** 15 **divers** 16 **diverse**

LESSON 100.

- 1 **col-lapse'** kol-laps' To fall together; to fail utterly.
- 2 **e-clipse'** e-klips' To darken; to hide; to surpass.
- 3 **cul'mi-nate** kul'mi-nāt To attain the highest degree.
- 4 **ca-lum'ni-ate** ka-lum'ni-āt To defame; to speak falsely and maliciously.
- 5 **for'ward** for'ward To send onward; toward the front; advanced.
- 6 **fro'ward** frō'ward Reluctant to yield; perverse.
- 7 **sup-port'** sup-port' To bear a weight; especially from below; to endure; to aid.
- 8 **sep'a-rate** sep'a-rāt To disconnect; to keep apart.
- 9 **es'say-ist** es'ā-ist A writer of essays.
- 10 **sies'ta** sies'ta A mid-day or after-dinner nap.
- 11 **in-defi-nite** in-def'i-nit Not precise; uncertain; without boundaries.
- 12 **un'de-fined'** un'de-faind' Not explained in precise words; without clear limits.

Consult homework dictionary.

- 13 **unavoidable** 14 **inevitable** 15 **ingenious** 16 **ingenuous**

HOMework DICTIONARY.

- ab-hor'rent**, ab-hor'ent. **Hateful**; repugnant.
- ab'ro gate**, ab'ro-gât. To annul; to repeal.
- ab'scond'**, ab-skond'. To hide; to run away.
- ab'sti-nence**, ab'sti-nens. Self-denial; especially from strong drink.
- ac-cede'**, ak-sêd'. To agree; to assent.
- ac-cel'er-ate**, ak-sel'er-ât. To quicken the motion of a moving body.
- ac-ces'so-ry**, ak-ses'o-ri. Contributing; aiding to the principal agent.
- ac'cla-ma'tion**, ak'la-mâ'shun. A shout of applause or approval.
- ac-com'mo-date**, ak-kom'o-dât. To help; to provide for; to conform.
- ac'et-yl-ene'**, as'et-il-ên'. A brilliant illuminating gas.
- ac-knowl'edg-ment**, ak-nol'ej-ment. An admission, as of receipt; avowal; confession.
- ac'qui-esce'**, ak'wi-es'. To remain satisfied with.
- ac'tu-a-ry**, ak'tiü-a-ri. One who calculates insurance and other risks.
- ad-journ'**, ad-jurn'. To put off to another day; to postpone.
- ad-min'is-tra'tor**, ad-min'is-trâ'tor. One who administers, regulates, or manages, especially in a legal capacity.
- ad-mis'si-ble**, ad-mis'i-bl. Allowable.
- ad-vance'**, ad-vans'. To move forward; to pay beforehand.
- af'fi-da'vit**, af'i-dâ'vit. A voluntary sworn declaration in writing.
- af-fil'i-ate**, af-fil'i-ât. To receive as a friend; to consort.
- a-fore'said**, a-fôr'sed. Said or mentioned before.
- ag'gran-dize**, ag'ran-daiz. To make great; to exalt.
- ag-gre-gate**, ag're-gât. Collected into a sum, mass, or total: amount; total.
- al'co-hol**, al'ko-hol. A volatile, inflammable, colorless liquid; an intoxicant.
- a-lien-ate**, â-lien-ât. To estrange; to make alien.
- a-lign'ment**, a-lain'ment. Placing in a line.
- al-pac'a**, al-pak'a. A South American animal resembling a sheep; cloth made from the wool of the alpaca.

- a-man'u-en'sis, a-man'yū-en'sis.** One who copies manuscript or takes dictation.
- a-me'na-ble, a-mē'na-bl.** Tractable; willing and ready to submit.
- am-pere', am-pār'.** The unit of electric current-strength.
- an'a-lyst, an'a-list.** One who separates a compound into its parts or elements.
- an'a-lyze, (an'a-lyse) }** an'a-lais. To examine minutely.
- an-ni'hi-la'tion, an-nai'hi-lā'shun.** Utter destruction.
- a-nom'a-lous, a-nom'a-lus.** Irregular; exceptional; abnormal.
- a-nom'a-ly, a-nom'a-li.** Irregularity; deviation from rule.
- an-tique', an-tēk'.** Ancient; in the style of ancient art.
- an'ti-sep'tic, an'ti-sep'tik.** Anything that prevents putrefaction.
- an-tith'e-sis, an-ti'h'e-sis.** Opposition of words or sentiments; contrast.
- ap'er-ture, ap'er-tiūr.** An open passage; an opening.
- a-pol'o-gy, a-pol'o-ji.** An excuse; an acknowledgment of error.
- ap'pa-ra'tus, ap'a-rā'tus.** A machine, or a set of tools, etc.
- ap'per-tain', ap'er-tān'.** To belong by right.
- ap'pli'ance, ap-plai'ans.** The act of applying; something applied; an instrument or tool.
- ap'pli-ca-ble, ap'li-ka-bl.** Capable of or suitable for application.
- a'que-ous, ā'kwe-us.** Watery.
- ar'chive, ar'kaiv.** A place for keeping public documents; the document itself.
- ar-raign', ar-rān'.** To cause a person to plead guilty or not guilty; to accuse.
- ar-range'ment, ar-rānj'ment.** The state of being arranged or put in order.
- ar'se-nal, ar'se-nā'.** A place for keeping military stores; an armory.
- at-tor'ney, at-tur'ni.** A person legally empowered to act for another, as a lawyer.
- au'di-tor, ā'di-tor.** One who hears; one who examines accounts.
- au-then'tic, ā'then'tik.** According to the facts; entitled to belief; trustworthy.
- au-ton'o-my, ā-ton'o-mi.** Power or right of self-government.
- aux-il'i-a-ry, āi-il'i-a-ri.** That which aids.
- bar'gain, bār'gen.** To agree; to trade; to negotiate; to haggle.
- ben'e-fi'cia-ry, ben'e-fish'ia-ri.** One who receives a benefit or a privilege.

bête noire, } **bât nwär.** Black beast; any object of especial
(**bête noir**) } dread.
boy'cott, **boi'kot.** To combine with others in refusing to have
dealings with a person.
bul'le-tin, **bul'e-tin.** A short official report.

cam-paign', **kam-pän'.** An organized action, movement, or
contest; a complete military operation.

can'celed, } **kan'seld.** Marked out; obliterated.
(**can'celled**) }

car'et, { **kär'et.** } A sign (^) indicating omissions.
(**kar'et**) }

car'ton, **kär'ton.** A pasteboard box or the material for making it.

cas'u-al-ty, { **kaz'yü-al-ti.** } A fatal accident; a chance.
(**kash'yü-al-ti**) }

cer-tifi'cate, **ser-tif'i-kät.** A written declaration or voucher.

chan'cel-lor, **chan'sel-or.** A high official in legal, government, or
university life.

char'la-tan, **shär'la-tan.** A quack; one making extravagant
pretensions.

chat'tel, **chat'el.** An article of personal property; a movable.

chauff'eur', **shöf'fur'.** The operator of an automobile.

cin'na-mon, **sin'a-mun.** An aromatic bark used as a spice.

civ'il-ize, } **siv'i-laiz.** To reclaim from savagery.
(**civ'il-ise**) }

clem'en-cy, **klem'en-si.** Mildness toward offenders or dependents;
leniency.

cl'ient, **kla'i'ent.** One in whose interest a professional or business
man, especially a lawyer, acts.

cl'ien-tele', **kla'i'en-tél'.** A body of clients or customers.

cod'i-cil, **kod'i-sil.** A supplement to a will or testament.

co-er'cion, **kö-er'shun.** Forceful restraint; compulsion.

co-in'ci-dence, **kö-in'si-dens.** The act or state of happening at
the same time or place as something else.

col'league, **kol'äg.** An associate (not a partner).

com'pe-tence, **kom'pe-tens.** Ability; sufficiency; qualification.

com'pe-tent, **kol'pe-tent.** Having sufficient authority; qualified.

com-pet'i-tor, **kom-pet'i-tor.** One who competes.

com'ple-ment, **kom'ple-ment.** The full allowance or number.

com'pli-ment, **kom'pli-ment.** To express admiration.

con'nois-seur', **kon'i-sur'.** A competent judge of art, etc.

con'scious, **kon'shus.** To be aware that one lives, feels, and
thinks.

- con-sen'sus**, kon-sen'sus. General agreement; collective opinion.
- con-spic'u-ous**, kon-spi'kyu-us. Clearly visible; prominent and distinct.
- con-ta'gious**, kon-tā'jus. Transmissible by contact, as a disease.
- con-tempt'i-ble**, kon-tempt'i-bl. Vile; despicable.
- con-tig'u-ous**, kon-tig'yu-us. Touching, or adjoining.
- con'tra-band**, kon'tra-band. Prohibited by law or treaty; illegal trade.
- con'va-les'cent**, kon'va-les'ent. Recovering health after sickness.
- con-vert'i-ble**, kon-vert'i-bl. Interchangeable; equivalent in scope or meaning.
- cor'du-roy**, kor'diy-roi. A thick, ribbed, cotton stuff. *Corduroy road*, a log road across a swamp.
- cor're-spond'ence**, kor'e-spond'ens. Written communications; adaptation of one thing to another.
- cor-rob'o-rate**, kor-rob'o-rāt. To make more certain; to confirm.
- coun'cil**, koun'sil. A consultative assembly.
- coun'sel**, koun'sel. To advise.
- cui-sine'**, kwe-sēn'. The cooking department; the kitchen (Fr.)
- cu'mu-la-tive**, kiū'miy-lā-tiv. Gathering strength by addition or repetition.
- cu'po-la**, kiū'po-la. A dome; an arched roof.
- cur'ren-cy**, kur'en-si. Circulation; the money of a country; general acceptance.
- cy-clom'e-ter**, sai-klom'e-ter. An instrument for recording the revolutions of a wheel.
- de-ben'ture**, de-ben'tiūr. An acknowledgment of debt, making specific provision for repayment.
- de-fal'cate**, de-fal'kāt. To cut off; to misappropriate money.
- de-fault'er**, de-falt'er. One who neglects to fulfil an obligation.
- de-fend'ant**, de-fend'ant. A person against whom a legal action is brought.
- de-fen'sive**, de-fen'siv. Intended or suitable for defense.
- de-fi'ance**, de-fai'ans. The act of defying; a challenge.
- defi'cit**, defi-sit. A deficiency, or falling short in amount; shortage.
- def'i-nite**, defi-nit. Having exact meaning, or limits.
- del'e-te'ri-ous**, del'e-tē'ri-us. Hurtful; injurious.
- de-lin'quent**, de-ling'kwent. Faulty; failing in duty.
- de-mur'rage**, de-mur'aj. The detention of a vessel or cargo beyond a specified time; a charge for such detention.

de-pend'ent, de-pend'ent. Hanging down; subordinate; one who depends on another.

dep're-cate, dep're-kāt. To express disapproval.

de-pre-ci-ate, de-prē'shi-āt. To under rate; to lessen the worth of.

des'pi-ca-ble, des'pi-ka-bl. Deserving to be despised; contemptible.

de-te'ri-o-rate, de-tē'ri-o-rāt. To make worse; to grow worse.

di'ag-no'sis, dai'ag-nō'sis. The determination of the nature of a disease.

di-lap'i-da-ted, di-lap'i-dā-ted. Impaired or ruined by misuse or neglect.

di-lem'ma, di-lem'a. A choice between undesirable alternatives; perplexity.

dis-cern'i-ble, di-zern'i-bl. Capable of being seen or perceived.

dis-ci'ple, dis-sai'pl. One who accepts or follows a teacher.

dis-crep'an-cy, dis-krep'an-si. A disagreement or difference; variance.

dis-cre'tion, dis-kresh'un. Cautious and correct judgment; prudence; freedom to act at will.

dis-par'i-ty, dis-par'i-ti. Inequality; the state of being dissimilar.

dis-train', dis-trān'. To take and detain goods as security for debt.

di'vers, dai'verz. More than one, but not a great number; several; various.

di-verse', di-vers'. Differing essentially; dissimilar.

ec-cen'tric, ek-sen'trik. Peculiar; erratic; not having the same center.

ec'sta-sy, ek'sta-si. Rapture; joyous excitement.

ed'i-ble, ed'i-bl. Fit to eat; suitable for food.

ef-fi-ca'cious, ef'i-kā'shus. Having effective energy.

el-lipse', el-lips'. An oval figure.

em-bar'go, em-bār'gō. Prohibition of ships from leaving port.

em-bez'zle, em-bez'l. To appropriate fraudulently.

em'i-grate, em'i-grāt. To leave a country to go to another.

en-am'el, en-am'el. A hard and glossy coating, as of the teeth; to cover with enamel.

en-co'mi-um, en-kō'mi-um. A formal expression of praise.

e-nun'ci-a'tion, { e-nun'si-ā'shun, } The utterance of vocal
{ (e-nun'shi-ā'shun) } sounds.

- ep'i-taph**, ep'i-taf. An inscription on a tomb; any similar expression of sentiment.
- ep'i-thet**, ep'i-tĕt. A descriptive word or phrase.
- eq'ui-ta-ble**, ek'wi-ta-bl. Fair; conformable to right and justice.
- er-ro'ne-ous**, er-rō'ne-us. Mistaken; marked by error.
- er'y-sip'e-las**, er'i-sip'e-las. An acute inflammation of the skin.
- es'sence**, es'ens. Elements making up the real nature of anything; the extracted virtues of a plant or drug.
- eu'lo-gy**, yū'lo-ji. A discourse in praise of a person.
- ex-cerpt'**, ek-serpt'. An extract from written or printed matter.
- ex-cheq'uer**, ex-chek'er. A government treasury or its department; financial condition.
- ex'em-pla-ry**, ex'em-ple-ri. Worthy of imitation.
- ex'i-gen-cy**, ex'i-jen-si. The state of being urgent; a pressing necessity.
- ex-ist'ence**, ex-ist'ens. State of being or existing; life; continued being.
- ex-or'bi-tant**, ex-or'bi-tant. Excessive; beyond the proper limit.
- ex-pe'di-ent**, ex-pē'di-ent. Suitable under the circumstances; that which promotes an end; a device.
- ex'tir-pate**, ex'ter-pāt. To get rid of by taking out by the roots.
- fa-ce'tious**, fa-sē'shus. Humorous; jocular; witty.
- fas'ci-nate**, fas'i-nāt. To attract irresistibly; to enchant.
- fic'ti'tious**, fik-tish'us. Having no real existence.
- flex'i-ble**, flex'i-bl. Easily bent; pliant.
- fore-clo'sure**, fōr-klō'zhur. The legal process of preventing a mortgagee from redeeming his property.
- for'felt**, for'fit. A penalty for a fault; to lose.
- for'ger-y**, fōr'jer-i. Something falsely made or altered with intent to defraud or deceive.
- fur'lough**, fur'lō. A sailor's or soldier's leave of absence.
- gaz'et-teer'**, gaz'et-ēr'. A dictionary of geographical names.
- glob'u-lar**, glob'yū-lar. Spherical; globe-shaped.
- gran'a-ry**, gran'a-ri. A storehouse for grain.
- hei'nous**, hā'nus. Very wicked; atrocious.
- here'to-fore'**, hēr'tū-fōr'. Previously; hitherto.
- ho'mo-ge'ne-ous**, hō'mo-jē'ne-us. Uniform; made up of similar elements.

hon'or-a-ry, on'or-e-ri. Done, made, or held as an honor.
hy-drau'lic, hai-dra'lik. Pertaining to the movement or energy of water.

hyp-oc'ri-sy, hip-ok'ri-si. Insincerity; pretense of virtue.
hy-poth'e-cate, hai-pot'h'e-kât. To pledge personal property.
hy-poth'e-sis, hai-pot'h'e-sis. Something assumed as the foundation of an argument; supposition.

ig-ni'tion, ig-nish'un. The act of setting on fire.

ig'no-min'i-ous, ig'no-min'i-us. Marked with public disgrace; shameful.

im'mi-grate, im'i-grât. To come into a country.

im-mu'ni-ty, im-miü'ni-ti. Freedom from burdens, duties, or penalties.

im-pass'a-ble, im-pas'a-bl. That cannot be passed.

im-per'vi-ous, im-per'vi-us. Permitting no passage.

im'pe-tus, im'pe-tus. The energy with which anything moves.

im-pli'e'it, im-plis'it. Fairly to be understood; implied; unquestioning.

in-an'i-mate, in-an'i-mât. Without animal life; dead.

in-au'gu-rate, in-a'giu-rât. To begin with proper ceremonies.

in'can-des-cent, in'kan-des'ent. Made white with heat.

in-ces'sant, in-ces'ant. Continued; without leaving off.

in-cip'i-ent, in-sip'i-ent. Belonging to the first stages; initial.

in'co-her'ent, in'kô-hër'ent. Unconnected; confused.

in-com'pa-ra-ble, in-kom'pa-ra-bl. Not admitting of comparison; peerless; matchless.

in-cor-po-rate, in-kor'po-rât. To combine into one body; to form a legal corporation.

in'cu-bus, in'kiu-bus. An oppression or weighing down; a nightmare.

in-dem'ni-fy, in-dem'ni-fai. To compensate for loss or damage.

in-den'ture, in-den'tiür. A sealed contract, especially of apprenticeship.

in-dict'ment, in-dait'ment. A formal charge of crime.

in'dis-pen'sa-ble, in'dis-pen'sa-bl. Necessary or requisite for the purpose.

in-ev'i-ta-ble, in-ev'i-ta-bl. That can not be shunned or avoided; unavoidable.

in'fer-ence, in'fer-ens. A deduction; a conjecture.

in-fe'ri-or, in-fë'ri-or. Lower in quality or rank.

in-fringe', in-frinj'. To break, to violate.

- in-fringe'ment**, in-frinj'ment. Violation.
- in-gen'lous**, in-jên'yus. Possessed of inventive faculty; clever.
- in-gen'u-ous**, in-jên'yü-us. Candid, frank, or open in character; honorable; sincere.
- in-gre'di-ent**, in-grê'di-ent. An element in a mixture or compound.
- in-i'ti-a-tive**, in-ish'i-a-tiv. An introductory step or action; a first move.
- in-junc'tion**, in-jungk'shun. A legal order requiring a person to do or not to do an act.
- in'nu-en'do**, in'yü-en'dô. A hint; an indirect aspersion; an insinuation.
- in-solv'ency**, in-solv'en-si. Bankruptcy; unable to pay one's debts.
- in'stan-ta'ne-ous**, in'stan-tâ-ne-us. Acting or occurring very quickly, or instantly.
- in'stru-men'tal**, in'stru-men'tal. Serving as a means or instrument; serviceable; helpful.
- in'ter-cede'**, in'ter-sêd'. To mediate between persons; to plead.
- in'ter-mit'tent**, in'ter-mit'ent. Occurring from time to time with more or less regularity.
- in'ter-sperse'**, in'ter-spers'. To distribute scatteringly.
- in-tes'tate**, in-tes'tât. A person who dies without having made a valid will.
- in-tim'i-date**, in-tim'i-dât. To cause to become frightened; to make afraid.
- in-trigue'**, in-trêg'. A plot or scheme.
- in-trin'sic**, in-trin'sik. Pertaining to the inherent nature of a thing or person; real.
- in'tu-i'tion**, in'tiü-ish'un. Immediate knowledge without conscious reasoning.
- in-vel'gle**, in-vê'gl. To lead astray; to entice.
- ir-rel'e-vant**, ir-rel'e-vant. Not applicable or pertinent; superfluous.
- ir're-sist'i-ble**, ir're-zist'i-bl. That which cannot be successfully opposed.
- ir're-triev'a-ble**, ir're-trêv'a-bl. That can not be recovered or restored.
- i'so-late**, ai'so-lât. } To place in a detached position.
(is'o-late) (is'o-lât)
- i'tem-ize**, ai'tem-aiz. To state in detail.
- i-tin'er-ant**, ai-tin'er-ant. Going from place to place.
- ju-di'cial**, jü-dish'al. Pertaining to the administration of justice.

lat'tice, lat'is. Openwork made by the crossing of strips or bars.
laud'a-ble, lad'a-bl. Praiseworthy.

ll'cense, lai'sens. To authorize; to permit.

lin'i-ment, lin'i-ment. A liquid preparation applied to bruises, etc.

mag-nif'i-cence, mag-nif'i-sens. The state or condition of being great in character or action.

main'te-nance, mân'te-nans. Means of support.

mal'le-a-ble, mal'e-a-bl. Capable of being hammered without breaking.

man-da'mus, man-dâ'mus. A writ issued by courts of superior jurisdiction.

ma-tu'ri-ty, ma-tiû'ri-ti. Ripeness; full development.

mea'ger, } mē'ger. Deficient; inadequate.
(mea'gre)

mem'o-ran'da, mem'o-ran'da. Plural of memorandum.

mem'o-ran'dum, mem'o-ran'dum. A note to help the memory.

men'in-gi'tis, men'in-jai'tis. Inflammation of an enveloping membrane, especially of the brain.

mer'ce-na-ry, mer'se-ne-ri. Influenced by the desire for gain or reward.

met-al'lic, met-al'ik. Having the characteristics of a metal.

mil'li-ner-y, mil'i-ner-i. Relating to women's hats and their fixings.

min'i-a-ture, min'i-a-tiûr. Much smaller than reality; a small painting or portrait.

mi-nu'ti-ae, mi-niû'shi-ê. Small or unimportant details.

mis'sile, mis'il. A weapon thrown, or intended to be thrown.

mit'i-ga'tion, mit'i-gā'shun. The act of making less severe.

mne-mon'ic, ne-mon'ik. Aiding the memory.

mon'e-ta-ry, mun'e-te-ri. Pecuniary; pertaining to money.

mor'tar, mor'tar. A mixture of sand and lime used in building; a vessel in which drugs, etc., are pounded; a short cannon.

mor'tise, mor'tis. A cavity made in a piece of timber, to receive the tenon of another piece; to join by a tenon and mortise.

nas'cent, nas'ent. Beginning to exist or develop.

neo'tar, nek'tar. A delicious drink.

neur-al'gi-a, niur-al'ji-a. A sharp, sudden pain in a nerve.

non'de-script, non'de-skript. Not easily described; strange; odd.

non'pa-rell', non'pa-rel'. Of unequalled excellence.

no'ta-ry, nō'ta-ri. An officer who attests writings.

nu'ole-us, niū'kle-us. A central part about which the real accumulates.

nul'sance, niū'sans. An annoyance; vexations.

o-bel'sance, o-bā'sans. A bow or act of respect or reverence.

ob'lo-quy, ob'lo-kwi. The state of one who is under odium or disgrace.

ob'vi-ate, ob'vi-āt. To meet in such a way as to avoid difficulty.

of-fi'ci-ate, of-fish'i-āt. To act as an officer.

on'er-ous, on'er-us. Burdensome or oppressive.

o-paque', o-pāk'. Not transparent; dull.

op-press'or, op-pres'or. One who governs severely and unjustly; a tyrant.

op'tic-al, op'tik-al. Pertaining to the science of eyesight.

op'ti-mism, op'ti-mizm. Hopefulness; belief in the best.

op'u-lent, op'yū-lent. Having much property.

or'di-nance, or'di-nana. An authoritative regulation.

os'cil-late, os'i-lāt. To swing or move to and fro. To waver.

os'ten'si-ble, os'ten'si-bl. Offered as real; seeming; pretended.

os'ten-ta'tious, os'ten-tā'shus. Marked by vain display, pretending to be real.

os'te-op'a-thy, os'te-op'a-thi. A system of treating disease without drugs or knife, through the agency or use of the bones.

os'tra-cize, } os'tra-saiz. Exclusion from favors in society or
(os'tra-cise) } politics.

pan'o-ra'ma, pan'o-rā'ma. A complete view in every direction.

par'al-lel, par'a-lel. Having a like course; proceeding in the same direction without meeting.

par'a-pher-na-li-a, par'a-fer-nā'li-a. Miscellaneous articles of equipment; trappings.

par'e-sis, par'e-sis. Partial paralysis affecting muscular motion but not sensation.

par'lia-ment, par'le-ment. A meeting for consultation. (P-) the supreme legislature of Great Britain, also of some of her colonies.

par'ox-ysm, par'ox-izm. A periodic attack of disease; a convulsion.

pa-vil'lon, pa-vil'yun. A temporary shelter; a tent; a canopy.

pe-cu'ni-a-ry, pe-kiū'ni-e-ri. Relating to money.

- per'emp-to'ry**, per'emp-to'ri. Positive in judgment; dogmatic; dictatorial.
- per'me-ate**, per'me-ât. To pass through the pores without breaking.
- per-mis'si-ble**, per-mis'i-bl. Allowable; that which is permitted.
- per'pe-trate**, per'pe-trât. To perform; to be guilty of; to commit.
- per'pe-tu'i-ty**, per'pe-tiû'i-ti. The state of being continued indefinitely.
- per'ti-nent**, per'ti-nent. Related to the matter in hand.
- pe-ru'ser**, pe-rû'zer. One who reads carefully or thoughtfully.
- pes'si-mism**, pes'i-mizm. Despair; belief in the worst.
- phe-nom'en-a**, fe-nom'en-a. Plural form of phenomenon.
- phe-nom'en-on**, fe-nom'en-on. Something seen; an appearance or extraordinary appearance.
- phleg-mat'ic**, fleg-mat'ik. Not easily roused to feeling or action; sluggish.
- phos'phate**, fos'fât. A salt of phosphoric acid.
- plique**, pêk. A feeling of slight irritation.
- pit'ance**, pit'ans. A small charitable gift; any small allowance.
- pleu'ri-sy**, plû'ri-si. Inflammation of the pleura, or covering of the lungs.
- plu-ral'i-ty**, plu-ral'i-ti. The greater number.
- pneu-mat'ic**, niu-mat'ik. Containing air.
- pneu-mo'ni-a**, niu-mô'ni-a. Inflammation of lung tissue.
- porce'lain**, pors'lân. A translucent pottery, usually glazed.
- por-tray'**, pôr-trâ'. To draw or paint; to describe vividly.
- pre-cede'**, pre-sêd'. To go, happen, or exist before.
- pre'cinct**, prê'singkt. A place with fixed boundaries; a district.
- pre-co'cious**, pre-kô'shus. Developed in advance; ripened prematurely.
- prej'u-dice**, prej'û-dis. An opinion not resting on reason.
- prep'a-ra'tion**, prep'a-râ'shun. The act of making ready.
- pre-rog'a-tive**, pre-rog'a-tiv. An unquestionable official right.
- pre-ten'tious**, pre-ten'shus. Showy; conceited; egotistical.
- prev'a-lence**, prev'a-lens. The act, state, or quality of being prevalent, or widely extended.
- pro-ce'dure**, pro-sêd'yûr. An act or course of action.
- pro'ceeds**, prô'sêdz. Results; returns.
- prod'i-gy**, prod'i-ji. A thing exciting wonder; a monstrosity.
- pro-fi'cient**, pro-fish'ent. Skilled; expert; well-advanced.

pro-mis'eu-ous, pro-mis'kiu-us. Mixed; confused; exercised or shared without discrimination.

prop'a-gan'da, prop'a-gan'da. Any plan for the spread of a doctrine or system.

prox-im'i-ty, prox-im'i-ti. The state of being near.

pur-vey'or, pur-vā'or. One who furnishes supplies.

quan'da-ry, kwon'da-ri. A state of hesitation.

quo'rum, kwō'rum. Number of members necessary for the transaction of business.

ran'dom, ran'dum. Done or uttered by chance.

realm, relm. The dominions of a reigning sovereign.

re'al-ty, rē'al-ti. Real estate; landed property in any form.

re-ceive'or, re-sēv'er. One who receives; a person appointed by a court to manage the property of another pending judicial action concerning it.

re-cept'a-cle, re-sep'ta-kl. A thing that contains or holds other things.

re-cip'ro-cate, re-sip'ro-kāt. To interchange; to pass to and fro; to alternate.

rec'om-mend', rek'om-mend'. To make attractive; to commend to favorable attention.

rec'ti-tude, rek'ti-tiūd. The quality of being upright in principles and conduct.

re'im-burse', re'im-burs'. To pay back; to indemnify.

rem'i-nis'cence, rem'i-nis'ens. A memory.

rep'er-toire', rep'er-twar'. A stock of pieces ready at command.

re-prive', re-prēv'. Temporarily to suspend a sentence.

rep'ri-mand', rep'ri-mand'. To reprove sharply, severe censure.

req'ui-si'tion, rek'wi-zish'un. A demand; a formal request.

res'er-voir', rez'er-vwor'. A storage place for any liquid.

re-sour'ces, re-sōr'ses. The total of one's available property, or means of paying.

respon'si-ble, re-spon'si-bl. Legally or morally answerable for a debt or duty; able to distinguish between right and wrong.

re-sus-ci-tate, re-sus'i-tāt. To bring or come back to life; to revive.

ret'i-cence, ret'i-sens. The quality of keeping silent.

ret'i-cent, ret'i-sent. Habitually silent.

re-tire'ment, re-tair'ment. The act of withdrawing.

re-vers'i-ble, } re-vers'i-bl. That which may be turned to
(**re-vers'a-ble**) } an opposite position.

rou'tine', rū'tēn'. A regular method of action.

- ru'mor, rû'mor.** An unverified report.
- sa-ga'clous, sa-gâ'shus.** Shrewd; wise; ready to decide.
- sal'vage, sal'vâj.** The act of saving a ship or property from loss; that which is rescued from shipwreck.
- san'guine, sang'gwin.** Of buoyant disposition; hopeful; red, like blood.
- sar'sa-pa-ril'la, sâr'sa-pa-ril'a.** A medicinal root; a beverage made therefrom.
- schism, sizm.** Factional or other division, especially of a church.
- sci-at'i-ca, sai-at'i-ka.** Neuralgia of the hip and thigh.
- sec're-tar'y, sek're-ter'i.** One who writes for another; the head of a department of government.
- sed'en-ta-ry, sed'en-te-ri.** Sitting much of the time.
- ser'geant, sâr'jent.** A non-commissioned officer.
- singe'ing, sin'jîng.** Burning slightly.
- sou've-nir', sū've-nēr'.** A token of remembrance.
- spe-cif'ic, spe-sif'ik.** Distinct, definite; precise; intended to produce a definite result.
- spee'i-men, spes'i-men.** One of a class of things regarded as a model or sample.
- spon-ta'ne-ous, spon-tâ'ne-us.** Produced without apparent cause; arising from inherent qualities.
- spu'ri-ous, spiū'ri-us.** Not genuine; false; forged.
- stor'age, stôr'âj.** The safe-keeping of goods in a warehouse; the price for keeping goods in store.
- stren'u-ous, stren'yū-us.** Active; vigorous; earnest.
- sub-poe'na, sub-pē'na.** A legal order requiring appearance at court under penalty.
- sub'ter-fuge, sub'ter-fiūj.** A false excuse.
- suc'cor, suk'or.** To go to the aid of; to help.
- su-per'flu-ous, siū-per'fly-us.** More than is needed.
- su-per-in-tend'ent, siū-per-in-tend'ent.** One who manages or supervises.
- su-per-sti'tious, siū-per-stish'us.** Disposed to believe falsely or unreasonably.
- sur'plus, sur'plus.** Excess over what is needed.
- sur-ro-gate, sur'o-gât.** A deputy; a substitute.
- sus-cep'ti-ble, sus-sep'ti-bl.** Yielding readily.
- syn-on'y-mous, sin-on'i-mus.** Having the same, or almost the same, meaning.
- tab'u-lar, tab'yū-lar.** Arranged in the form of a table or list.
- tas'it, tas'it.** Understood without direct statement; silent.

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

- tan'gi-ble**, **tan'ji-bl**. Perceptible to the touch; visible.
- tar'iff**, **tar'if**. A system of duties on imports; any list of charges.
- tech'nic-al**, **tek'nik-al**. Pertaining to the mechanical arts; formal, as in a *technical defect*.
- tem'po-ra'ri-ly**, **tem'po-re'ri-li**. For a short time only.
- te-na'clous**, **te-nā'shus**. Tough; sticky; holding fast; adhesive.
- ten'ta-tive**, **ten'ta-tiv**. Experimental; made by way of trial.
- triv'i-al**, **triv'i-al**. Of little importance or value; insignificant.
- tu'bu-lar**, **tiū'biq-lar**. Tube-shaped; pipe-like; provided with tubes.
- ul'ti-ma'tum**, **ul'ti-mā'tum**. A final statement.
- un'a-void'a-ble**, **un'a-void'a-bl**. That can not be avoided; inevitable.
- u-nique'**, **yū-nēk'**. Being the only one of its kind.
- u'su-ry**, **yū'ziq-ri**. A premium paid for the use of money, especially when exceeding the legal rate of interest.
- u-til'i-tar'i-an**, **yū-til'i-tā'ri-an**. Relating to usefulness.
- val'u-a-ble**, **val'yū-a-bl**. Having value; costly; esteemed.
- va'ri-e-gat'ed**, **va'ri-e-gāt'ed**. Diversified; marked with different colors.
- ve-rac'i-ty**, **ve-ras'i-ti**. Truth; the state of being true.
- ver'i-fied**, **ver'i-faid**. Proved to be true or exact.
- ver-mil'lon**, **ver-mil'yun**. A brilliant red pigment or its color.
- ver'sa-tile**, **ver'sa-til**. Facility for varied occupations.
- ver'ti-cal**, **ver'ti-kal**. Occupying a position directly above a given point or place; upright.
- vi'ce ver'sa**, **vai'sē ver'sa**. In reversed relationship.
- vig'i-lance**, **vij'i-lans**. Watchfulness; alertness.
- vign-ette'**, **vin-yet'**. To make with a gradually shaded off background or border.
- vi'ti-ate**, **vish'i-āt**. To debase; to contaminate; to render defective.
- vit're-ous**, **vit're-us**. Glassy; having the qualities of glass.
- vol'a-tile**, **vol'a-til**. Evaporating at ordinary temperature; fickle; fleeting.
- vo-ra'clous**, **vo-rā'shus**. Eating with greediness; ravenous.
- vouch'er**, **vouch'er**. Any material evidence of an alleged act.
- war'rant-y**, **wor'ant-i**. A legal deed of security.
- wear'ied**, **wēr'id**. Tired; fatigued.
- with-draw'al**, **with-dra'al**. The act of taking back; a recalling from a certain position.

LESSON 101.

1	Mon-sieur'	mo-syu'	(M. or Mons.) The French equivalent to Mr., or Sir; a Frenchman.
2	Ma'dame'	ma'dam'	(Mme.) The French equivalent to Mrs.
3	Mad'em-oiselle'	mad'em-wä-zel'	(Mlle.) The French equivalent to Miss; an unmarried woman.
4	Herr	här	The German equivalent to Mr. or Sir.
5	Frau	frou	(Fr.) The German equivalent to Mrs.; a married woman.
6	Fräulein	froi'lain	(Frl.) The German equivalent to Miss; an unmarried woman.
7	Si'gnior	sē'nyor	(Sig.) English form of the Italian signore, equivalent to Mr. or Sir; a gentleman.
8	Si-gno'ra	sē-nyō'ra	(Sigra.) The Italian equivalent to Mrs.
9	Si'gno-ri'na	sē'nyo-rē'na	The Italian equivalent to Miss.
10	Se ñor'	sā-nyör'	(Sr.) The Spanish equivalent to Mr. or Sir.
11	Se-ño'ra	sā-nyō'ra	(Sra.) The Spanish equivalent to Mrs., or lady.
12	Se'ño-ri'ta	sā'nyo-rē'ta	(Srta.) The Spanish equivalent to Miss; a young lady.

LESSON 102.

1	Al-too'na	al-tū'na
2	Atch'i-son	ach'i-sun
3	Bor'deaux'	bōr'dō'
4	Cal'ga-ry	kal'ga-ri
5	Chat'ta-noo'ga	chat'a-nū'ga
6	Chey'enne'	shai'en'
7	Natch'ez	nach'ez
8	O'ma-ha	ō'ma-ha
9	Pom-pe'li	pom-pā'yē
10	Vi-en'na	vē-en'na
11	Wilkes'bar-re	wilks'bar-e
12	Worcester	wūs'ter

LESSON 103.

1	Ca-yu'ga	ka-yū'ga
2	Cin'cin-na'ti	sin'sin-nā'ti
3	Du-luth'	diy-lūt'h'
4	Ed'in-burgh	ed'in-bur-ō
5	Mil-wau'kee	mil-wa'kē
6	Mono'ton	mun'g'tun
7	Mu'nich	miū'nik
8	Nu'rem-berg	nū'rem-berg
9	Pough-keep'sie	po-kip'si
10	Wich'i-ta	wich'i-ta
11	Win'ni-peg	win'i-peg
12	Yō'ko-ha'ma	yō'kō-hā'mä

LESSON 104.

1	Al-giers'	al-jěrz'
2	Bang'kok'	bang'kok'
3	Bell-alre'	bel-ăr'
4	Cam'bridge	kām'brij
5	Co-lum'bi-a	ko-lum'bi-a
6	Co-lum'bus	ko-lum'bus
7	Des Moines	dā moin
8	Gi-bral'tar	ji-bral'tar
9	Ha-van'a	ha-van'a
10	Ke'o-kuk	kě'o-kuk
11	Leav'en-worth	lev'en-wurtʰ
12	Vla'di-vos-tok'	vlä'dě-vôs-tök'

LESSON 105.

1	Ant'werp	ant'werp
2	Bar'ce-lo'na	bār'se-lō'na
3	Chil'li-coth'e	chil'li-kotʰ'e
4	Glouces'ter	glos'ter
5	Ha'vere	hă'ver
6	Kis'sing-en	kis'sing-en
7	Leip'sic (Leip'zig)	laip'sik (laip'tsiŋ)
8	Man-hat'tan	man-hat'an
9	Os-we'go	os-wě'gō
10	Pat'er-son,(N.J.)	pat'er-sun
11	Que'bec'	kwi'bek'
12	Sche-neo'ta-dy	ske-nek'ta-di

LESSON 106.

1	Auck'land	ak'land
2	Bat'on Rouge	bat'on rūzh
3	Cleve'land	klēv'land
4	Green'wich	grēn'ij
5	Ho'no-lu'lu	hō'no-lū'lū
6	Los An'ge-les	los an'je-lēz
7	Ma-ni'la (Ma-ni'l'a)	mā-nē'lā (ma-ni'l'a)
8	Ot'ta-wa	ot'a-wā
9	Piq'ua	pik'wa
10	San Fran-cis'co	san fran-sis'kō
11	San'ti-a'go	sān'tē-ā'gō
12	Zu'rich	zū'rik

LESSON 107.

1	Bol'se City	boi'zā si'ti
2	Bue'nos Ay'res	bō'nus ā'rēz (bwā'nōs ai'res)
3	Cats'kill	kats'kil
4	Hou'ston	hū'stun
5	In'di-an-ap'o-lis	in'di-an-ap'o-lis
6	Lynch'burg	linch'burg
7	Mel'bourne	mel'burn
8	Mont-pel'ier	mont-pēl'yer
9	Pi'erre'	pē-ār'
10	Prague	prāg
11	Ri'o de Ja-ne'i-ro	rē'o dā zhā-nā'ē-rō
12	San Di-e'go	sān dē-ā'gō

LESSON 108.

1	Brin di-si	brin'dê-sê
2	Brus'sels	brus'els
3	Mar-selles'	mâr-sâls'
4	Min'ne-ap'o-lis	min'e-ap'o-li
5	Pitts'burg	pits'burg
6	Platte Ci'ty	plat si'ti
7	Qui'to	kê'tô
8	Ra'leigh	râ'le
9	San Jo-se'	san hô-sâ'
10	Sa-van'nah	sa-van'a
11	To-ron'to	to-ron'tô
12	Val'pa-rai'so	vâl'pâ-rai'sô

LESSON 109.

1	Butte	büt
2	Mas'sil'lon'	mäs'sê'lyon'
3	Mo-bile'	mô-bêl'
4	Mont're-al'	mont'rê-âl'
5	Pueb'la	pweb'lä (pû-eb'lä)
6	San'ta Fe'	sän'tä fä
7	Solt'u-ate	sit'yü-ät
8	Sing'a-pore'	sing'a-pôr'
9	Tal'la-has'see	tal'a-has'i
10	Ter're Haute	ter'e hôt
11	Ti'con'der-o'ga	tai'kon'der-ô'ga
12	Tri-est' (Tri-es'te)	trê-est'

LESSON 110.

1	Ed'mon-ton	ed'mon-tun
2	Se-at'tle	sē-at'l
3	Se-bas'to-pol (Se-vas'to-pol)	se-bas'to-pol (se-vas'to-pol)
4	Sioux Ci'ty	sū si'ti
5	Smyr'na	smer'na
6	So'rel'	so'rel'
7	South-amp'ton	south-hamp'tun
8	Stoek'holm	stok'hölm
9	Syr'a-cuse	sir'a-kiūs
10	Van-cou'ver	van-kū'ver
11	Ver'sailles'	ver-sälz' (ver'säl'ye)
12	Yo-sem'i-te	yō-sem'i-te

LESSON 111.

1	Ab'ys-sin'i-a	ab'i-sin'i-a
2	Ad'i-ron'dacks	ad'i-ron'daks
3	Ber'ing	ber'ing
4	Car-pa'th-ian	kār-pā'thī-an
5	Co-lom'bi-a	ko-lom'bi-a
6	Dnie'per	nē'per
7	Ec'ua-dor'	ek'wa-dör'
8	Gua'te-ma'la	gwä'tā-mä'lä (gō'te-mä'la)
9	Hai'ti (Hay'ti)	hā'ti
10	Kam-chat'ka	kām-chät'ka
11	Lab'ra-dor'	lab'ra-dor'
12	Mack'i-nac (Mack'i-naw)	mak'i-nä

LESSON 112.

1	Ant-arc'tic	ant-ark'tik
2	Bal-kan'	bäl-kän'
3	Car'ib-be'an	kar'i-bé'an
4	Eu-phra'tes	yü-frä'tés
5	Lor'rine'	lo'rân'
6	Mac'e-do'ni-a	mas'e-dö'ni-a
7	Mer'ri-mac	mer'i-mak
8	New Zealand	niû zé'land
9	Por'tu-ga	pör'tiü-gal
10	Rhine	rain
11	St. Law'rence	sânt la'rens
12	Thames	temz

LESSON 113.

1	Ap'pa-lach'i-an	ap'a-lach'i-an
2	Bos'phor-us	bos'for-us
3	Ches'a-peake	ches'a-pëk
4	Gul-a'na	gë-ä'na
5	Guin'ea	gin'e
6	Mad'a-gas'car	mad'a-gas'kar
7	Ma-del'ra	ma-dä'ra
8	Mo-non'ga-he'la	mo-non'ga-hé'la
9	O'ri-no'co	ô're-nó'kô
10	Phil'ip-pine	fil'ip-in
11	Sal'va-dor'	säl'vä-dör'
12	San'ta Cruz	sän'tä krüs

LESSON 114.

1	Ar'a-rat	ar'a-rat
2	Chi'le (Chi'li)	chē'la (chil'i)
3	Hon-du'ras	hon-dū'ras
4	Mont Blanc	mont blān
5	Ni'ca-ra'gua	nē'kā-rā'gwā
6	Scan'di-na'vi-a	skan'di-nā'vi-a
7	Su-ez'	sū-ez'
8	Sus'que-han'na	sus'kwe-han'a
9	Thu-rin'gi-a	thū-rin'ji-a
10	Tyr'ol	tir'öl
11	Ven'ez-ue'la	ven'ez-wē'la
12	Zan'zi-bar'	zān'zē-bār'

LESSON 115.

1	Ar'gen-tine	ār'jen-tain
2	Ba-lu'chis-tan'	bā-lū'chis-tān'
3	Lu-cerne'	lū-sern'
4	Man'i-to'ba	man'i-tō'ba
5	No'va Sco'ti-a	nō'va skō'shi a
6	Prus'sia	prush'ya (prü'shi-a)
7	Rhone	rōn
8	Seine	sān
9	Si-le'si-a	sai-lē'shi-a
10	Si'nai	sai'nai (sai'na-ai)
11	Trans-vaal'	trans-vāl'
12	Zam-be'si (Zam-be'se)	zām-bā'zē

LESSON 116.

1 Bar-ba'dos	bār-bā'dōs
2 Mich'i-pi-cot'en	mish'i-pi-kōt'en
3 Phoe'nix	fē'nix
4 Po-to'mac	po-tō'mak
5 Ru-ma'ni-a (Rou-ma'ni-a)	ru-mā'ni-a
6 Sen'e-gam'bi-a	sen'e-gam'bi-a
7 Shen'an-do'ah	shen'än-dō'ä
8 Trin'i-dad'	trin'i-dad'
9 Tur'kes-tan'	tür'kes-tän'
10 U'ru-guay'	û'rû-gwai' (û'rû-gwä)
11 Würt'tem-berg (Wur'tem-burg)	vēr'tem-berHg
12 Yu'kon	yû'kon

LESSON 117.

1 Bach	bäHk
2 Beet'ho-ven	bät'ō-ven
3 Bel-li'ni	bel-lē'nē
4 Cho'pin'	shō'pan'
5 Liszt	list
6 Men'dels-sohn	men'dels-sōn
7 Mo'zart'	mō'zart' (Ger. mō'tsar)
8 Pa-de-row'ski	pä-de-ref'ski
9 Pa'ga-ni'ni	pä'gä-nē'nē
10 Schu'bert	shû'bert
11 Schu'mann	shû'man
12 Wag'ner	väHg'ner (wag'ner)

ärm; fiü (few). aiale, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

LESSON 118.

1	Na-nai'mo	na-nai'mô
2	Es'qui-malt	es'ki-mält
3	Banff	banf (bämf)
4	Leth'bridge	letÄ'brij
5	Sas-ka-toon'	sas-ka-tün'
6	Koo'te-nay	kü'te-nä
7	Bran'don	bran'dun
8	Guelph	gwelf
9	Sault Ste. Ma'rie	sû sänt mä'rë
10	Wind'sor	wind'zor (win'zor)
11	New Lis'keard	niü lis'kard
12	St. Cath'a-rines	sänt katÄ'a-rinz

LESSON 119.

1	Kam'loops	kam'lüps
2	Pe-tro'li-a	pe-trö'li-a
3	Belle'ville	bel'vil
4	Kin-car'dine	kin-kär'din
5	Wi'ar-ton	wai'ar-tun
6	Pen'e-tan'gui- shene' (Pen'e- tang')	pen'e-tang'gi-shën'
7	Gan'an'oque'	gan'an-ok'we (gan'an'ok')
8	O-ril'li-a	o-ril'i-a
9	Gra'ven-hurst	grä'ven-hurst
10	Osh'a-wa	osh'a-wä
11	Wa'ba-shene'	wä'ba-shën'
12	Fred'er-ic-ton	fred'er ik-tun

STATES AND TERRITORIES.

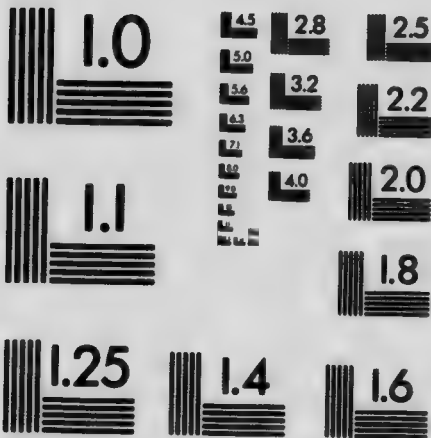
Al'a-ba'ma	al'a-bä'ma	Ala.
A-las'ka (T.)	a-las'ka	Alaska
Ar'i-zo'na (T.)	ar'i-zô'na	Ariz.
Ar-kan'sas	är-kan'sas	Ark.
Cal'i-for'ni-a	kal'i-for'ni-a	Cal.
Col'o-ra'do	kol'o-rä'dô	Colo.
Con-nect'i-cut	kon-net'i-kut	Conn.
Del'a-ware	del'a-wär	Del.
Dis'triet of Co-lum'bi-a	dis'trikt ov ko-lum'bi-a	D. C.
Flor'i-da	flor'i-da	Fla.
Geor'gi-a	jor'ji-a	Ga.
Guam	gwäm	Guam
Ha-wai'i	ha-wai'ë	Hawaii
I'da-ho	ai'da-hô	Idaho
Il'li-nois'	il'li-noi' (il'li-noiz')	Ill.
In'di-an'a	in'di-än'a	Ind.
I'o-wa	ai'ô-wa	Iowa
Kan'sas	kan'sas	Kans.
Ken-tuck'y	ken-tuk'i	Ky.
Lou'i-si-an'a	lû'i-zi-an'a	La.
Maine	män	Main
Ma'ry-land	mä'ri-land	Md.

ärm ; fiü (few), aiale, oil, out ; bath, bathe, exact.



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Mas'sa- chu'setts	mas'sa-chū'sets	Mass.
Mich'i-gan	mish'i-gan	Mich.
Min'ne-so'ta	min'e-sō'ta	Minn.
Mis'sis-sip'pi	mis-i-sip'i	Miss.
Mis-sou'ri	mis-sū'ri	Mo.
Mon-ta'na	mon-tā'na	Mont.
Ne-bras'ka	ne-bras'ka	Nebr.
Ne-va'da	nā-vā'dä	Nev.
New Hamp'shire	n'ū hamp'shir	N. H.
New Jer'sey	niū jer'ze	N. J.
New Mex'ico	niū mex'i-kō	N. Mex
New York	niū york	N. Y.
North Car'o-li'na	north kar'o-lai'na	N. C.
North Da-ko'ta	north da-kō'ta	N. Dak
O-hi'o	ō-hai'ō	Ohio
Ok'la-ho'ma	ok'la-hō'ma	Okla.
Or'e-gon	or'e-gon	Oregon
Penn'syl-va'ni-a	pen'sil-vā'ni-a	Pa.
Por'to Ri'co	pōr'tō rē'kō	P. R.
Rhode Is'land	rōd ai'land	R. I.
South Car'o-li'na	south kar'o-lai'na	S. C.

South Da-ko'ta	<i>south da-kô'ta</i>	S. Dak.
Ten'nes-see'	<i>ten'es-sē'</i>	Tenn.
Tex'as	<i>tex'as</i>	Tex.
Tu-tu-ila (Samoa)	<i>tū-tū-ē'lā</i>	Tutaila
U'tah	<i>yū'tā</i>	Utah
Ver-mont'	<i>ver-mont'</i>	Vt.
Vir-gin'i-a	<i>ver-jin'i-a</i>	Va.
Wash'ing-ton	<i>wosh'ing-tun</i>	Wash.
West Vir-gin'i-a	<i>west ver-jin'i-a</i>	W. Va.
Wis-con'sin	<i>wis-kon'sin</i>	Wis.
Wy-o'ming	<i>wai-ō'ming</i>	Wyo.

PROVINCES OF CANADA.

Al-ber'ta	<i>al-ber'ta</i>	Alta.
Brit'ish Co-lum'bi-a	<i>brit'ish ko-lum'bi-a</i>	B. C.
Man'i-to'ba	<i>man'i-tō'ba</i>	Man.
New Brunswick	<i>niū brunz'wik</i>	N. B.
No'va Sco'ti-a	<i>nō'va skō'shi-a</i>	N. S.
On-ta'ri-o	<i>on-tā'ri-ō</i>	Ont.
Prince Ed'ward Island	<i>prins ed'ward ai'land</i>	P. E. I.
Que'bec'	<i>kwi'bek'</i>	Que.
Sas-katch'e-wan	<i>sas-kach'e-won</i>	Sask.

arm; fiū (few), aisle, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

DISTRICTS.

Frank'lin	frangk'lin
Kee-wa'tin	kē-wa'tin
Mac-ken'zie	ma-ken'zē
Un-ga'va	un-gä'va
Yu'kon	yü'kon

mā, āle, mē, āll, nō, rūle; at, met, it, not, up, full;
 ārm; fiū (few), aiale, oil, out; bath, bathe, exact.

CAPITALIZATION.*

The systematic application of the following rules will assure correct capitalization:

1. Capitalize the initial letter (1) of the first word of every complete sentence; (2) of the first word of every distinct clause separately paragraphed or numbered; (3) of every proper name; (4) of every word derived from a proper name; (5) of the first word and of the chief other words in the titles of books, pictures, plays, or publications; (6) of the first word and other chief words in subtitles or subdivisions of books written in two or more parts.

2. Capitalize all the names of the Deity—*e.g.*, the *Almighty Creator, Father, God, Jahveh, Jehovah*.

3. Write the personal pronoun in the first person singular a capital—as “Vengeance is mine, saith the Lord; *I* will repay.”

4. Capitalize the initial letter of words of special importance or others specifically applied, as the family names or type genres of animal or of plant life.

5. Write the initial letter of the first word of every line of verse a capital—*e.g.* :

“ My love to those that I love;
My love to those that love me.
My love to those that love those that I love,
And to those that love those that love me.”

6. Capitalize the initial letter of the first word of a complete example or direct quotation—*e.g.* :

“Honesty is the best policy.”

7. Capitalize the initial letters of the days of the week and month festivals, holy days, and days of historic significance.

8. Capitalize prefixes, as D', Da, De, Di, Van, Von, when not preceded by a given name. If a given name precedes the surname, the first letter of the prefix should be a small one. However, this rule is not always strictly adhered to.

9. Capitalize the initial letter of names of political or special significance—as, the Middle Ages, the Elizabethan Period, the Great Reformation, Democrat, Republican, Conservative, Liberal, Nationalist, etc.

10. Capitalize the initial letter of all titles of dignity—as, President, Chief Justice, Bishop, Senator, etc., when these precede the surnames of dignitaries.

11. Capitalize the initial letters of all geographic names—as Bermuda, Gulf of Mexico, North Sea, Hudson River, Rocky Mountains.

* The sections on Capitalisation and Punctuation are taken, by kind permission, from that excellent little work entitled “The Preparation of Manuscripts for the Printer,” by Frank H. Visetelly (New York and London: Funk and Wagnalls Company).

EXPLANATORY NOTES AND EXAMPLES OF PUNCTUATION.

1. THE COMMA (,)

The comma is used to mark the shortest pause of time.

1. In a simple sentence it may be used or be omitted.

Examples :

Know that the slender shrub which is seen to bend, conquers when it yields.

Truth is afoot, nothing can impede it.

The same principle leads us to neglect a man of merit that induces us to admire a fool.

2. In a compound sentence—that is, one in which the direct sequence of thought is interrupted by repetition or by the addition, as of verbs, nouns, or other parts of speech—the comma is used to separate the simple members.

Examples :

Charity, like the sun, brightens every object it shines upon

Men of age object too much, consult too long, adventure too little, repent too soon, and seldom drive business home to the full period, but content themselves with a mediocrity of success.

3. It is used in separating several (more than two) words which are connected by conjunctions expressed or implied.

Examples :

Man must have some fears, hopes, and cares for the coming morrow.

God has given us wit, and flavor, and brightness, and laughter, and perfumes, to enliven the days of man's pilgrimage, and to "charm his pained steps over the burning marle."

Gordon met death as a brave, valiant, and noble man.

4. It is not used to separate two words that are connected by a conjunction.

Example :

Mirth is short and transient, cheerfulness fixed and permanent.

5. It may or may not be used to separate a series of words in pairs that are connected by conjunctions.

Examples :

This sound brought out from their lurking-places a crew of vagabond boys and vagabond dogs, ... and boy and dog, and hostler and Boots, all slunk back again to their holes.

In schoolroom and college class. the field and afloat, discipline maintains order.

East and West and South and North
The Messengers ride fast.

6. It is used to set off nouns and pronouns in the absolute, and words put in apposition.

Examples :

The prisoner, his sentence being pronounced, was removed.

He who stands before thee is Paul, the Apostle.

The transaction closed, we separated.

7. It is used to set off adjectives or participial adjectives and their adjuncts, especially if they affect the significance of a dependent clause.

Example :

Man, living, feeling man, is the easy prey of the powerful present.

8. It is used to introduce a single short quotation. If, however, more than one quotation is cited, a *colon* should be used instead.

9. It is used in the place of a verb omitted or of a word understood.

10. It is used before and after the infinitive good when the infinitive follows a verb from which it should be separated, or when it is dependent on a thing understood or remote.

Examples :

His aim was, to foster the interests of the natives.

To continue, I will now show the consequence of my argument.

11. It is used also to set off an adverb or adverbial phrases when they cause a break in the construction of a simple sentence.

Examples :

This curiosity of theirs, however, was attended with very serious effects.

And yet I knew that every wrong,
However old, however strong,
But waited God's avenging hour.

12. It is used to set off prepositional phrases when they interrupt the sequence of a simple sentence, or when they are separated from words on which they are dependent.

Examples :

American aristocracy is, to some extent, a matter of wealth.

By study, we may add to our store of knowledge that acquired by our ancestors.

13. It is used to set off a conjunction when it is divided from the main clause dependent on it or when it introduces an example.

Example :

The collision was inevitable, but, by timely assistance, the crew was saved.

14. It is used occasionally to set off interjections.

Example :

Yet then from all my grief, O Lord,
Thy mercy set me free.

15. It is used to set off a word which it is desired to emphasize.

Example :

Holy, Holy, Holy,
Lord God Almighty!

2. THE SEMICOLON (;)

The semicolon is used to indicate a separation in the relations of the thought in a compound sentence—a degree greater than that expressed by the comma.

1. It is used to separate different statements ; that is, the different clauses of a compound sentence which are already separated by commas.

Example :

We may live without poetry, music, and art ;
We may live without conscience, and live without heart ;
We may live without friends ; we may live without books ;
But civilized man can not live without cooks.

2. It is used to separate two or more simple members of a sentence when these require a pause greater than that which a comma would mark.

Example :

Who lives to nature rarely can be poor ; who lives to fancy
never can be rich.

3. It is used before "as" when employed as an introductory to an example.

Example :

That which is not permitted or allowed ; as, the illicit sale
of intoxicants.

3. THE COLON (:)

The colon is used as a sign of apposition or equality to connect one clause with another that explains it, as in introducing a list, a quotation, an enumeration, or a catalog; or to join clauses that are grammatically complete yet closely connected in sense; or to mark any discontinuity in sense or grammatical construction greater than that which is indicated by a semicolon, but not sufficient to require a period or a dash.

1. It is used to separate one complete clause from another.

Examples :

The power to bind and loose to Truth is given :

The mouth that speaks it is the mouth of Heaven.

Love is the emblem of eternity : it confounds all notions of time : effaces all memory of a beginning, all fear of an end.

2. It is used in sentences in which the semicolon has been introduced when a greater pause is required than can be indicated by a semicolon.

Example :

It surely was not obscurity ; it was not weakness : it was a want of that sensitive taste which ought to breathe its delicate sense of fitness into the plainest phraseology.

3. It is used to introduce a formal quotation.

Example :

A writer in the *Westminster Review* discourses in this fashion : "Another curious observation upon philosophic activity is that the coordination of all functions which constitute the whole intellectual energy of philosophic minds is preserved in its plenitude for only a short period of their whole duration of life."*

4. THE PERIOD (.)

1. The period or full stop is used after every complete declarative statement.

Example :

Consider the end.

2. After title-headings and side-heads.
3. After most abbreviations.

Examples :

A.M. for *ante meridian* ; LL.D. for Doctor of Laws ; e.g. for *exempli gratia* (for the sake of example).

4. After Roman numerals, except when they are used to number pages.

5. THE DASH (—)

The dash is used to mark (1) a change of thought or construction or (2) an emphatic or unexpected pause.

* Phelps, *English Style in Public Discourse*, p.133.

Examples :

1. He may live without books—what is knowledge but grieving?
He may live without hope—what is hope but deceiving?
2. What say ye? Speak now—now or never.

6. THE INTERROGATION POINT (?)

The note of interrogation or eroteme is used at the end of a sentence to designate (1) a single question or (2) more, and (3) is sometimes written in parentheses to express a doubt or challenge the accuracy of a statement.

Examples :

1. Truths would you teach, or save a sinking land?
2. Father of Light! Great God of Heaven!
Hear'st thou the accents of despair?
Can guilt like man's be e'er forgiven?
Can vice atone for crimes by prayer?
3. Peru. Manco Capac, with his wife, and sister Mama Ocello, arrives from China (?), and claims to have been sent by the Deity to reclaim the tribes from savage life.

7. THE EXCLAMATION MARK (!)

The note of exclamation or ecphoneme is used after a word or phrase to express sudden emotion, and is sometimes repeated for emphasis.

Examples :

Ah! What were man should Heaven refuse to hear!
Never! Never!! Never!!!

8. QUOTATION MARKS ("..."; '...')

1. Double quotation marks or guillemets are used to designate that the matter within them is a direct quotation from another author or is dialogue.

2. Single quotation marks are used within double quotation marks to designate that the matter within them is a quotation from another author or speaker cited by the first author whose matter is printed within the double marks.

Examples :

"Grant White, referring to Milton, says 'Milton calls Raphael "the affable archangel," and makes Adam say to him, as he is about departing heavenward :

'Gentle to me and affable hath been
Thy condescension, and shall be honored ever
With grateful memory.'"

3. Double quotation marks are sometimes used in citing titles, a of books, but titles are often printed in italic type, and when this is done quotation marks are not used.

9. PARENTHESES ()

1. The parentheses are used to separate an explanatory or qualifying clause, or a sentence inserted in another sentence which is grammatically complete without it.

Examples:

The wallflower, on each rifted rock,
From liberal blossoms shall breathe down
(Gold blossoms freckled with iron-brown)
Its fragrance.

The columbine is a herbaceous plant of the crowfoot family (Ranunculaceae), with the leaflets shaped like those of the meadow-rue.

2. They are used also in connection with the titles of books (a) to separate the place and date of publication from the text, thus preserving the continuity of same; (b) to enclose references or figures denoting numerical sections or other divisions; (c) to enclose notes of interrogation inserted to express doubt of the correctness of the statement made.

Example :

(a) Mrs. Massingbird published "Sickness, Its Trials and Blessings" (London, 1868).

The uses referred to under (b) and (c) above are so frequent as not to require illustration.

10. THE APOSTROPHE (')

The apostrophe is used to denote the possessive case, which is made in the singular by adding *s* with an apostrophe, as also in the plural of nouns that do not end in *s*—as, man's, men's. The plural possessive, when the plural already ends with an *s*, is formed by adding an apostrophe after the word—as, horses' teeth; that is "the teeth of horses."

11. THE CARET (^)

The caret is used only in writing, to denote where omitted words or letters are to be inserted.

12. THE DIERESIS (")

The dieresis or dialysis consists of two dots placed over a vowel.

1. It is placed above one of two vowels when these follow one another, to show that they do not form a diphthong—as Danäe.

2. It is used sometimes (but, in general, modern practice discards it) over the second vowel in words where the vowel is doubled—as, zoöphyte. The "Standard Dictionary" discards the dieresis altogether.

SIMPLIFIED SPELLING

(From Circular of Simplified Spelling Board.)

List of Common Words Spelled in Two or more ways.

The anomalies and perversities of English spelling are obvious enough, and call loudly for regulation. But the very fact that some spellings are anomalous and perverse implies that the other spellings are more or less regular, and this is true. The majority of English words are spelled according to ascertainable analogies, and are therefore fairly regular. This is especially true as to literary words of more than one syllable, of Latin or Greek origin. Thus, words like *eminent, prominent, evident, protestant, memorial, terrestrial, practical, astronomical, familiar, peculiar, ability, conformity, monopoly, tedious, previous, biology, etc.*, are approximately phonetic as to the short vowels which are concerned in these words. They would not present many difficulties to the learner, if the learner were not confused by a host of other words with other analogies. It is true also of a great many monosyllables not ending in silent *e*, as *bat, bet, bit, but, bad, bed, bid, bud, ban, bin, bun, cam, dam, slam, slap, slat, clash, clasp, self, help, strong, strength, etc.*, but here again a host of other monosyllables suggesting other analogies (*plaid, saith, bread, been, flood, come, etc.*) rush in to badger and confuse the unhappy learner.

The rules and analogies which underlie English spelling can however, be ascertained and stated, and the exceptions can then be clearly seen. The next thing is to reduce or abolish the exceptions. The process has worked well with many words. Why not continue it with other words? The matter is really very simple. When the rules and analogies are understood, any intelligent person can see for himself when a particular spelling deviates from them. Thus, any one can see that *binn, bunn, butt*, are out of accord with the rule established by the innumerable words like *pin, pun, cut*, that *centre, metre, fibre, etc.*, are out of accord with the rule established by *canter, number, timber, diameter, etc.*, and that *favour, honour, etc.*, are out of accord with the rule established by *error, terror, minor, major, editor, senator, etc.* So likewise, *dript, dropt, snapt, drest, prest,*

etc., tho now actually less common than *dripped*, *dropped*, *snapped*, *crossed*, *dressed*, are more in accord with the prevailing analogy of *p* or *s* before a *t* sound, which appears in a *t*, *host*, *boast*, *best*, *nest*, *rust*, etc., and in the old spelling, still retained, of some preterits and participles, as *crept*, *lost*, *swept*, etc., as well as *dreamt*, *leapt*, etc. The common forms *dripped*, *dropped*, *dressed*, *crossed*, etc., are in a great part alterations of seventeenth and eighteenth century spellings with *t*. The alterations were made to establish a visible but fallacious uniformity of inflection. Forms like *dript*, *dropt*, *stept*, *stopt*, *crost*, *drest*, *kist*, *prest*, etc., abound in the original editions of Shakespeare, Milton, Dryden, Pope, Burns, Scott, Byron, and are very common in more recent poets, as Tennyson, Landor, Swinburne, Lowell. They are always seen in those modern editions of the older standard writers in which the attempt is made to give a correct text. The habit of present publishers of permitting their proofreaders to "adopt" some imperfect standard, like the older dictionaries, as an inflexible rule, and to alter the text of the standard authors, when a new edition is made, to suit his "preference," serves to conceal from the reader the real spelling of the author himself. Thus, not only Shakespeare and Milton, but Pope, Cowper, Byron, Scott, Campbell, Macaulay, are compelled to appear, not in their own spelling, but in the spelling of the publisher or proofreader who chooses to "prefer" Worcester or Webster, or some other mechanical guide. This tends to suppress the truth, to stereotype bad forms as well as good, and to prevent that reasonable change toward order and simplicity which was allowed to work freely before the nineteenth century.

Happily, however, there are many hundred words in which this process of stereotyping irregular or anomalous forms has not prevailed, and in which a choice still lies open between a simple or normal form, and a less simple or anomalous form.

It has been thought wise to print a partial list of the words now spelled in two or more ways, with a view of informing the public of the facts, and of ascertaining how far intelligent readers will concur in the effort to establish the simpler forms. A full list would contain many hundred words, many of them bookish or technical or semi-foreign. Such lists are to be found in the current dictionaries (Webster, Worcester, Standard), but they were compiled for a different purpose, and not only include spellings long obsolete, but omit many spellings (like *dropt*, *prest*, *tho*, etc.) always in extensive use.

The following list contains three hundred common words now spelled in two or more ways. The list could be made to contain 600

or 900. The number depends upon the limits assigned to the word 'common,' and upon the purpose in view.

There are in this list about 40 distinguishable classes of words. We mention 20. The other classes include each only a few words. Some words are quite isolated.

Certain large classes of words spelled in two or more ways are for the sake of brevity omitted from the present list. Such are the chemical words in *-ide* or *-id*, and *-ine* or *-in*, and the forms involving *-ll-* or *-l-*, or *-tt-* or *-t-*, before suffixes, as *travelled* or *traveled*, *traveller* or *traveler*, *travelling* or *traveling*, etc., *rivetted* or *riveted*, *rivetter* or *riveter*, *rivetting* or *riveting*, etc. Of course the simpler form is to be preferred.

The classes included, arranged in the alphabetic order of the letters or affixes affected, are as follows :

1. Words spelled with **ae**, **æ** or **e**. Rule: Choose **e**. Ex.: *Anesthetic*, *esthetic*, *medieval*, etc.

2. Words spelled with **-dge-ment** or **-dg-ment**. Rule: Omit **e**. Ex.: *Abridgment*, *acknowledgment*, *judgment*, *lodgment*.

3. Words spelled with **-ed** or **-t**, the preceding single consonant being doubled before **-ed** (*-pped*, *-ssed*) and left single before **-t** (*-pt*, *-st*). Rule: Choose **-t** in all cases. Ex.: *Dipt*, *dript*, *dropt*, *stept*, *stopt*, etc., *blest*, *prest*, *distrest*, *mist*, etc., *blusht*, *husht*, *washt*, etc.

Forms like these, being inflections, are commonly omitted in the dictionary lists of words spelled in two or more ways, but they are genuine historical spellings and can not be ignored. Some are very ancient (for example, *kist* is Anglo-Saxon *cyste*, and *mist* is Anglo-Saxon *miste*), and all are frequent and normal in English literature from Spenser, Shakespeare, and Milton to Tennyson and Lowell. We cite some authorities, from original or exact editions, for the principal forms included in the list. Exact references can be supplied. Similar forms abound in the authors mentioned and others. Milton, for example, has *compast*, *languisht*, *vanquisht*, *admonisht*, *astonisht*, *diminisht*, *polisht*, *worshipt*, *supt*, *ceast*, *linkt*, *matcht*, *scorcht*, etc.

address : Spenser, Milton, Pope, Fitzgerald.

blusht : Shakespeare, Burns.

carest : Burns.

clapt : Bible (1611), Shakespeare, De Foe, Tennyson.

claspt : Stanyhurst, Goldsmith, Tennyson.

clipt : Bible (1611), Shelley, Tennyson.

confest : Milton, Dryden, Gray.

- cropt** : Bible (1611), Pope.
crost : Shakespeare, Bunyan, Dryden, Burns, Scott, Lowell.
crusht : Bible (1611), Milton, Burns.
curst : Shakespeare, Dryden, Goldsmith.
deprest : Milton, Gray, Burns.
dipt : Bible (1611), Milton, Pope, Gray, Tennyson, Lowell.
distrest : Milton, Goldsmith, Burns, Lowell.
drest : Spenser, Dryden, Pope, Goldsmith, Burns, Tennyson.
dript : Hacket.
droopt : Tennyson.
dropt : Shakespeare, Milton, Dryden, Pope, Burns, Mrs. Browning, Tennyson, Swinburne, Lowell.
express : Dryden, Pope, Milton, Goldsmith.
flxt : Shakespeare, Milton, Cowley, Dryden, Thirlwall.
gript : Milton, Tennyson.
heapt : Milton, Lowell.
husht : Shakespeare, Dryden, Wilson.
imprest : Spenser, Shakespeare, Milton, Pope, Burns, Cary.
kist : Shakespeare, Milton, Goldsmith, Tennyson.
lapt : Tennyson, Lewis Morris.
lasht : Spenser, Shakespeare, Quarles.
leapt : Addison, Collins, Tennyson, Mrs. Browning, Swinburne.
lookt : Spenser, Milton, Bunyan, De Foe.
lopt : Shakespeare, Milton, Young.
mist : Shakespeare, Walton, Bunyan, Lowell.
mixt : Bible (1611), Shakespeare, Bacon, Milton, Addison.
nipt : Shakespeare, Pope, Shelley.
opprest : Milton, Dryden, Burns.
past : Shakespeare, Dryden, Goldsmith, Burns, Tennyson.
possest : Milton, Addison, Pope, Gray, Goldsmith, Lowell.
prest : Spenser, Milton, Dryden, Burns, Tennyson, Lowell.
propt : Dryden, Pope, Burns, Tennyson, Lowell.
sipt : Tennyson.
skipt : Shakespeare, Milton.
slipt : Shakespeare, Tennyson.
stept : Milton, Bunyan, Dryden, Burns, Scott, Tennyson.
stopt : Shakespeare, Milton, Tennyson.
stript : Shakespeare, Bunyan, Burns, Tennyson, Lowell.
tapt : Tennyson.
tipt : Milton, Pope, Somerville.
tost : Milton, Dryden, Burns, Whittier, Lowell.
trapt : Tennyson

tript : Shakespeare.

vext : Shakespeare, Milton, Pope, Tennyson, Lowell.

wisht : Shakespeare, Milton.

wrapt : Milton, Burns, Pope, Cowper, Scott, Lowell.

4. Words spelled with **-ence** or **-ense** (Latin **-ens-a**). Rule: Choose **-ense**. Ex.: *Defense, offense, pretense*.

5. Words spelled with **-ette** or **-et**. Rule: Omit **-te**. Ex.: *Coquet, epaulet, etiquet, omelet, etc.*

6. Words spelled with **gh** or **f**. Rule: Choose **f**. Ex.: *Draft*.

7. Words spelled with **-gh** or without. (1) **-ough** or **-ow**. Rule: Choose **-ow**. Ex.: *Plow*. (2) **-ough** or **-o**. Rule: Choose **-o**. Ex.: *Altho* (Bunyan), *tho* (Bunyan), *thoro*, *-boro* (in place names).

8. Words with the verb suffix, of Greek origin, spelled **-ise** or **-ize**. Rule: Choose **-ize**. Ex.: *Catechize, criticize, exorcize, legalize, etc.*

9. Words spelled with **-ite** or **-it**. Rule: Omit **e**. Ex.: *Deposit, preterit*.

10. Words spelled with **-ll** or **-l** (**-lll** or **-ll**). Rule: Choose **-l**. Ex.: *Distil, fulfil, instil*.

11. Words spelled with **-ll-ness** or **-l-ness**. Rule: Omit one **l**. Ex.: *Dulness, fulness*.

12. Words spelled with **-mine** or **-m**. Rule: Omit **-me**. Ex.: *Gram, program*.

13. Words spelled with **oe**, **œ**, or **e**. Rule: Choose **e**. Ex.: *Ecumenical, esophagus*.

14. Words spelled with **-our** or **-or**. Rule: Choose **-or**. Ex.: *Favor, fervor, flavor, honor, labor, rigor, rumor, tenor, tumor, valor, vapor, vigor*.

15. Words spelled with **ph** or **f**. Rule: Choose **f**. Ex.: *Fantasm, fantasy, fantom, sulfate, sulfur*.

16. Words spelled with **-rr** or **-r**. Rule: Omit one **r**. Ex.: *Bur, pur*.

17. Words spelled with **-re** or **-er**. Rule: Choose **-er**. Ex.: *Center, meter, miter, niter, sepulcher, theater*.

18. Words spelled with **s** or **z** (in the root). Rule: Choose **z**. Ex.: *Apprize, assize, comprize, raze, surprize, teazel*.

19. Words spelled with **s-** or **se-**. Rule: Omit **e**. Ex.: *Simitar, sithe*.

20. Words spelled with or without silent **-ue**. Rule: Omit **-ue**. Ex.: *Catalog, devalog, demagog, pedagog, prolog*.

THREE HUNDRED WORDS.

abridgment	chapt	dipt
accouter	check	discust
accurst	checker	dispatch
acknowledg-	chimera	distil
addrest [ment]	civilize	distrest
adz	clamor	dolor
affixt	clangor	domicil
altho	clapt	draft
anapest	elaspt	dram
anemia	clipt	drest
anesthesia	clue	dript
anesthetic	coeval	droopt
antipyrin	color	dropt
antitoxin	colter	dulness
apothem	commixt	ecumenical
apprize	comprest	edile
arbor	comprize	egis
archeology	confest	enamor
ardor	controller	encyclopedia
armor	coquet	endeavor
artizan	criticize	envelop
assize	cropt	Eolian
ax	crost	eon
bans	crusht	epaulet
bark	cue	eponym
behavior	curst	era
blest	outlas	esophagus
blusht	cyclopedia	esthetic
brazen	dactyl	esthetics
brazier	dasht	estivate
bun	decalog	ether
bur	defense	etiology
caliber	demagog	exorcize
caliper	demeanor	express
candor	deposit	fagot
carest	deprest	fantasm
catalog	develop	fantasy
catechize	dieresis	fantom
center	dike	favor

favorite
 fervor
 fiber
 fixt
 flavor
 fulfil
 fulness
 gage
 gazel
 gelatin
 gild
 gipsy
 gloze
 glycerin
 good-by
 gram
 gript
 harbor
 harken
 heapt
 hematin
 hiccup
 hock
 homeopathy
 homonym
 honor
 humor
 husht
 hypotenuse
 idolize
 imprest
 instil
 jail
 judgment
 kist
 labor
 lacrimal
 lapt
 lasht
 leapt
 legalize

license
 licorice
 liter
 lodgment
 lookt
 lopt
 luster
 mama
 maneuver
 materialize
 meager
 medieval
 meter
 mist
 miter
 mixt
 mold
 molder
 molding
 moldy
 molt
 mullen
 naturalize
 neighbor
 niter
 nipt
 ocher
 odor
 offense
 omelet
 opprest
 orthopedic
 paleography
 paleolithic
 paleontology
 paleozoic
 paraffin
 parlor
 partizan
 past
 patronize

pedagog
 pedobaptist
 phenix
 phenomenon
 pigmy
 plow
 polyp
 possess
 practise, v. and n.
 prefixt
 prenomen
 prest
 pretense
 preterit
 pretermitt
 primeval
 profest
 program
 prolog
 propt
 pur
 quartet
 questor
 quintet
 rancor
 rapt
 raze
 recognize
 reconnoiter
 rigor
 rime
 ript
 rumor
 saber
 saltpeter
 savior
 savor
 scepter
 septet
 sepulcher
 sextet

silvan
simitar
sipt
sithe
skilful
skipt
slipt
smolder
snapt
somber
specter
splendor
stedfast
stept
stopt
strest
stript
subpena
succor
suffixt

sulfate
sulfur
sumac
supprest
surprize
synonym
tabor
tapt
teazel
tenor
theater
tho
thoro
thorofare
thoroly
thru
thruout
tipt
topt
tost

transgrest
trapt
tript
tumor
valor
vapor
vext
vigor
vizor
wagon
washt
whipt
whisky
wilful
winkt
wisht
wo
woful
woolen
wrapt

SIMPLIFIED SPELLING BOARD
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ABBREVIATIONS.

A

A.	America; American
A. B.	(<i>Artium Baccalaureus</i>) Bachelor of Arts; able-bodied seaman
Abp.	Archbishop
A. C.	(<i>ante Christum</i>) Before Christ
Acct.	Account
A. D.	(<i>anno Domini</i>) In the year of our Lord
ad.	} Advertisement; Adverb
Adv.	
A. D. C.	Aide-de-camp
Agst.	Against
Agt.	Agent
A. I.	American Institute
A1	Of the first or highest class
A. I. A.	Associate of the Institute of Actuaries
A. M.	(<i>ante meridiem</i>) Before noon
Amt.	Amount
Anon.	Anonymous
Ans.	Answer
A. R. A.	Associate of the Royal Academy
Ar.	Arrival, arrivals
Art.	Article
Asst.	Assistant
A. V.	Ad valorem—according to the value
Av.	Average; avoirdupois
Ave.	Avenue

B

B. A.	} Bachelor of Arts; British America
A. B.	
Bal.	Balance
Bart., Bt.	Baronet
B. C.	Before Christ; British Columbia
B. C. L.	Bachelor of Civil Law
Bds.	Boards

B. D.	Bachelor of Divinity
B/E	Bill of Exchange
Bk.	Book, bank
B. L.	Bachelor of Laws
b. l.	Bill of Lading
Bl., bbl., brl.	Barrel
Bldg.	Building
B. M.	Bachelor of Medicine
B. Mus.	Bachelor of Music
Bot.	Bought
b. p.	Bills payable
Bque.	Barque
b. rec.	Bills receivable
Brg.	Brig
Brit.	British
Brls., bis.	Barrels
Bro.	Brother
Bros.	Brothers
b. s.	Bill of Sale
Bus.	} Bushel
Bush.	
Bx.	Box
Bxs.	Boxes

O

C.	Centigrade
c.	Cent
ca.	Case
C. A.	Chartered Accountant
Cam.	} Cambridge
Camb.	
Cantab.	(<i>Cantabrigiensis</i>) Of Cambridge
Capt.	Captain
C. B.	Companion of the Bath
C. E.	Civil Engineer
Cent. Am.	Central America
Cent.	(<i>Centum</i>)—one hundred
Cent.	Centigrade
Cert.	Certificate
Cf., conf.	Compare
C. i. f.	Cost, insurance, and freight
C. i. f. & c.	Cost, insurance, freight, commission

C. i. f. c. & i.	Cost, insurance, freight, commission and interest
C. f. i.	Cost, freight, and insurance
C. H.	Custom House, Court House
Ch.	Chaldron (measure)
C. J.	Chief Justice
cir., circ.	(<i>circa, circiter, circum</i>) about
Ck.	Cask
Cks.	Casks
Cl.	Centiliter, cloth
clد.	Cleared
cm.	Centimeter
C. O.	Commanding officer
Co.	Company; County
c. o.	Care of
C. O. D.	Cash, or Collect, on Delivery
Coll.	Collector, college
Com.	Commission
Cont.	Contract; containing
Cor. Sec.	Corresponding Secretary
Cr.	Credit, creditor, crown
Crs.	Credits, creditors
Cs.	Cases
Ct.	A hundred
Cum d.	With dividend
Cum. Pref.	Cumulative preference
curre., curt.	Current—of the present month
C. S.	Civil Service
Cwt.	Hundredweight

D

D.	Democrat
Dan.	Danish
d. & wt. f.	Daily and weekly till forbidden
Dbk.	Drawback
D. C. L.	Doctor of Civil Law
D. D.	Doctor of Divinity
Def.	Defendant
Deg.	Degree
D. G.	(<i>Dei gratia</i>) By the grace of God
Dept.	Department
Dft.	Draft, Defendant

Diam.	Diameter
Div.	Dividend, division
D. L. O.	Dead letter office
D. P.	Doctor of Philosophy
do.	Ditto
Dols.	Dollars
doz.	Dozen
Dr.	Debtor, Doctor
dr.	Dram
d. s.	Days' sight
D. Sc.	Doctor of Science
D. T.	Doctor of Theology
D. V.	(<i>Deo volente</i>) God willing
Dwt.	Pennyweight

E

E.	East; Earl; English
E. C.	Eastern Central (Postal District, London)
Ea.	Each
Ed.	Editor, edition
Eds.	Editors
E. E.	Errors excepte
E. & O. E.	Errors and omissions excepted
e. g.	(<i>Exempli gratia</i>) For example
E. I.	East Indies
Enc.	Enclosure
Eng.	English, Engineers
Esq.	Esquire
et seq.	And the following
etc., &c.	(<i>et cetera</i>), and so on
Ex.	example
Exch.	exchange
Ex. cp.	(<i>extra</i>), without coupon
Exd.	Examined

F

F.	France, Franc
F. a. a.	Free of all average (insurance)
Fahr.	Fahrenheit
Fop.	Foolscap
Fec.	(<i>fecit</i>) He or she made it
Fig.	Figure

F. G. S.	Fellow of the Geological Society
F. I. A.	Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries
FL	Florin
Fo., Fol.	Folio
f. o. b.	Free on board
f. p. a.	Free of particular average (insurance)
Fr.	French
F. R. A. S.	Fellow of the Royal Astronomical Society
F. R. C. P.	Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians
F. R. C. S.	Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons
Ft.	Foot, feet, fort
Fthm.	Fathom
Ft., in.	Feet, inches
Fur.	Furlong

G

G/a	General average (insurance)
Gal.	Gallon
Gals.	Gallons
G. A. R.	Grand Army of the Republic
Gaz.	Gazette
G. B.	Great Britain
g. c. m.	Greatest common measure
Gent.	Gentleman
gl.	Gill
Gov.	Government, Governor
G. P. O.	General Post Office
Gr.	Greek
gr.	Gross
gr. wt.	Gross weight
grs.	Grains

H

Hdkf.	Handkerchief
H. H.	His (or Her) Highness
Hhd.	Hogshead
H. M.	His (or Her) Majesty
H. M. S.	His (or Her) Majesty's ship or service
Hon.	Honorable
H. P.	Horse power
H. R.	House of Representatives
hrs.	Hours

I

ib., ibid.	(<i>ibidem</i>) In the same place
id.	(<i>idem</i>) The same
i. e.	(<i>id est</i>) That is
in.	Inch, inches
incog.	(<i>incognito</i>) Unknown
Inst.	Instant—of the present month
Ins.	Insurance
Inst.	Institute
Int.	Interest
Inv.	Invoice
I. O. U.	I owe you
I. W.	Isle of Wight
It.	Italian
Ital.	Italics

J

J.	Judge
Jan.	January
Jno.	John
Jul.	July
Jun.	} Junior
Jr.	
J. P.	Justice of the Peace

K

K. B.	Knight of the Bath
K. C.	King's Counsel
K. C. B.	Knight Commander of the Bath
Kg.	} Kilogramme
Kilo.	
K. G.	Knight of the Garter
Kt.	Knight
Kr.	Kreuzer (coin)
K. S. I.	Knight of the Star of India

L

L., l., or £	A pound sterling
Lat.	Latitude, Latin
lb.	} Pound in weight
lbs.	

L/C	Letter of Credit
l. c.	Lower case (printing)
LL.B.	Bachelor of Laws
LL.D.	Doctor of Laws
Long.	Longitude
L. R. C. P.	Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians
L. S.	(<i>Locum sigilli</i>) Place of the seal
£ s. d.	Pounds, shillings, pence
Ltd.	Limited

M

M.	Thousand, Monsieur
M. A.	Master of Arts
Mag.	Magazine
Max.	Maximum
M. B.	Bachelor of Medicine; Bachelor of Music
M. C.	Master of Ceremonies
M. D.	Doctor of Medicine
Mdlle.	Mademoiselle, Miss
Mdme.	Madame
M. E.	Methodist Episcopal
Mdse.	Merchandise
Mem.	Memorandum
Messrs.	Gentlemen, Sirs
Mfd.	Manufactured
Mfg.	Manufacturing
Mfr.	Manufacturer
Mar.	March
Min.	Minimum, minute
Mlle.	Mademoiselle, Miss
MM.	Messieurs, Sirs
mo.	Month
Mons.	Monsieur, Mr.
Monsig.	Monsignor
mos.	Months
Mr.	Mister, Sir
Mrs.	Mistress, Madam
MS.	Manuscript, mail steamer
MSS.	Manuscripts

N

N.	North
N. A.	North America
N. B.	(<i>Nota bene</i>) Take note, mark well
N. B.	North Britain, New Brunswick
N. E.	Northeast
nem. con.	(<i>nemine contradicente</i>) No one contradicting
N. F.	Newfoundland
Nom.	Nominal
Non seq.	(<i>Non sequitur</i>) It does not follow
N. P.	Notary Public
Nos.	Numbers
N. S.	New Style, Nova Scotia
N. S. W.	New South Wales
N. W.	Northwest
N. Z.	New Zealand

O

Obdt.	Obedient
Obs.	Observation
O. H. M. S.	On His (or Her) Majesty's Service
O. K.	All Correct
Oz.	Ounce

P

Pd.	Paid
P. E.	Protestant Episcopal
P. E. I.	Prince Edward Island
Per an.	Per annum
Per cent.	} Per centum
%	
Pkg.	Package; packing
P. M.	(<i>Post meridiem</i>)—afternoon; Postmaster
P. O.	Post Office
P. O. O.	Post Office Order
P. Q.	Province of Quebec
Pop.	Population
Prof.	Professor
pp.	Pages
Pres.	President
Pro	For

Pro tem.	(<i>Pro tempore</i>) For the time being
Prox.	(<i>Proximo</i>) Of the next month
P. S.	(<i>Post scriptum</i>) Written after
P. T. O.	Please turn over

Q

q. e. d.	(<i>Quod erat demonstrandum</i>) Which was to be demonstrated
Q.	Question
Q. M.	Quartermaster
Qrs.	Quarters
Qts.	Quarts
q. v.	(<i>Quod vide</i>) Which see
Qy.	Query

R

R.	Rex, King
R.	Recipe, take
R. C.	Roman Catholic
Rs.	Rupees
R. A. M.	Royal Academy of Music
re	Re—in regard to, relating to
Reed.	Received
Rect.	Receipt
Ref.	Reference
Reg.	Registered
Rm.	Ream
R. I. P.	(<i>Requiescat in pace</i>) May he (she) rest in peace
R. N.	Royal Navy
R. R.	Railroad
R. S. V. P.	(<i>Repondez, s'il vous plait</i>) Reply, if you please
Ry.	Railway

S

S.	South, saint, shilling
S. A.	South America
Sat.	Saturday
S. E.	Southeast
Sec.	Section, secretary, seconds
Secy.	Secretary
S. n.	Senate, Senator, Senior

Shipt.	Shipment
S. O.	Seller's option
Soc.	Society
Sov.	Sovereign
Spec.	Special
Sq.	Square
S. P. Q. R.	(<i>Senatus Populusque Romanus</i>) The Senate and People of Rome
SS.	Saints
S. S.	Steamship
St.	Saint, street
st.	Stone (weight)
Stg.	Sterling
Str.	Steamer
S. W.	Southwest

T

Ter.	Territory
Thurs.	Thursday
T.	Tons
T. O.	Turn over
Tr.	Transpose
Treas.	Treasurer
T. T. L.	To take leave

U

Ult.	(<i>Ultimo</i>) In the last month
Univ.	University
U. K.	United Kingdom
U. S.	United States, Uncle Sam
U. S. A.	United States of America
U. S. M.	United States Mail
U. S. N.	United States Navy

V

V. or Vs.	(<i>Versus</i>) Against
Var.	Variant, variety
Via	By way of
Vice-Pres.	Vice-President
Viz.	(<i>Videlicet</i>) Namely
Vol.	Volume

W

W.	West
W. A.	Western Australia
W. C.	Western Central (Postal District, London)
Whf.	Wharf
W. I.	West Indies
Wk.	Week
Wks.	Weeks
Wm.	William
Wt.	Weight

X

xcp.	Without coupon
xd.	Without dividend
Xmas.	Christmas

Y

Yd.	Yard
Yds.	Yards
Yr.	Your, year

OTHER SPECIAL SIGNS

'	Foot (as 2' 6"—two feet, six inches)
"	Inches
×	By (as 4 × 3—four by three)
°	Degree (as 80°—thirty degrees)

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